ALGIERS (AP) - The Algerian parliament, monopolised by the ruling party, will be dissolved and new elections held in the first four mouths of 1991, President Chadli Benjedid announced Sunday. The decision comes in the wake of a decisive victory in June 12 local elections by a fundamentalist group, which has been calling for an immediate dissolution of the parliament. The announcement came at a cabinet meeting as Benjedid installed the country's first defence minister, Major-General Khaled Nezzar, the official news agency reported. The Islamic Salvation Front has called for an immediate dissolution of the National People's Assembly, along with other opposition groups, Parliamentary elections were normally scheduled for the first trimester of 1992. The ruling National Liberation Front (FLN) now holds all partiamentary seats. The decision was made "after lengthy reflection," the news agency APS quoted Benjedid as saying, "and my conviction that the political parties will respect the rules of democracy." The municipal elections in June were the first multi-party ballotting since Algeria gained independence from France in 1962. The FLN had controlled political life since then.

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AMMAN MONDAY, JULY 30, 1990, MUHARRAM 8, 1411

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams

Qasem due in Cairo

and

(O)

AMMAN (J.T.) - Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Marwan Al Qasom leaves for Cairo Monday to take part in a meeting of the foreign ministers of the Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC) which opens in Cairo Tuesday. In a statement to Al Ra'i Qasem said that the meeting will discuss among other issues Soviet Jewish immigration.

French prisoners stage protest

LILLE, France (R) - French prisoners protested at the pardon and release of Lebanese guerrilla Anis Naccache, climbing onto the roof of one jail Sunday and temporarily refusing to return to cells in others. The release of Naccache and four accomplices, jailed for life after an abortive assassination attempt on former Iranian Prime Minister Shapur Bakhtiar in 1980, has angered prisoners in overcrowded jails across France. All five flew to Iran Friday after being pardoned by President Francois Mitterrand. Prisoners in climbed onto the roof of one Lille jail and others temporarily refused to return to cells.

Libya denies Chadian claims

NICOSIA (R) - Libya has denied Chadian charges that it had used a peace accord as a pretext to build up its military forces, the Libyan news agency JANA reported Sunday. It said the Foreign Ministry summoned Chad's ambassador on Saturday to clarify comments by Chadian Foreign Minister Acheikh Ben Oumar in Paris Friday that Libya had bought time to rearm by signing the August 1989 ceasefire in Algiers. The agency reiterated Libya's support for a peaceful solution to rival territorial claims over the Aouzou Strip, a vast desert area on Chad's northern border with Libya.

Iragi oil minister in Libya with message

NICOSIA (R) - Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi held talks Sunday with visiting Iraqi Oil Minister Issam Abdul Rahim Al Chalabi, the Libvan news agency JANA said. JANA said Chalabi arrived in Libya Saturday night bearing a message from Iraqi President Saddam Hussein. The agency gave no details about his

Sheikh Zayed visits Cairo Tuesday

ABU DHABI (R) — United Arab Emirates (UAE) President Sheikh Zayed Ben Sultan Al Nahayan will visit Egypt Tuesday for talks with President Hosni Mubarak, the Emirates news agency (WAM) reported Sunday.

Najibullah in Moscow

ISLAMABAD (R) - Sovietbacked Afghan President Naiibullah left for the Soviet Union Sunday for "a short trip and medical treatment," the official Kabul Radio reported. The trip, not announced previously, was at the invitation of Soviet authorities, it added.

U.N. mission arrives in Morocco

RABAT (R) - A U.N. team flew to Morocco Sunday to work out the cost of a proposed selfdetermination referendum in the Western Sahara where Polisario guerrillas have been fighting for independence since 1976. Issa Diallo, special adviser to U.N. Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar, told reporters at Casablanca airport that the 34member mission would spend two weeks in the area.

Thousands demand Ershad resignation

DHAKA (AP) - Tens of thousands of people demonstrated in the capital Sunday, demanding President Hussain Mohammad Ershad resign and hold free national elections. The day-long rallies and processions were organised by four major political groups that have regularly called for Ershad's resignation.

King in Baghdad

on mediation bid BAGHDAD (Agencies) — His Majesty King Hussein arrived cial Iraqi plane for his present

dam Hussein immediately after Advisor Adnan Abu Odeh. arrival. The King was expected to Officials said in Amman that fly on to Kuwait for similar talks Prime Minister Mudar Badran with the emir of Kuwait, Sheikh and Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Marwan Al The Jordan News Agency, Petra, said the King's mission was aimed at "containing the passing Qasem, who were involved in meetings of the Joint Jordanian-Egyptian Higher Committee, crisis between Arab brethren, joined the King in Baghdad later thus safeguarding Arab solidarity Sunday. Royal Court Chief Sherif Zeid Ben Shaker, who accompa-The news agency said the King nied the King on most trips

mission, is accompanied by Their

Royal Highnesses Prince Faisal.

Prince Hamzeh and Prince Talal

Ben Mohammad and Political

abroad, is currently visiting Paris. King Hussein's visit follows a flurry of Arab activity to end the

Iraqi-Kuwaiti disputes. "King Hussein left on a working visit to Iraq and Kuwait to try to narrow the gaps and settle recent disputes between our brethren in both Arab counciliation talks (see story below). tries," Petra said.

comes as part "of other honest Arab efforts to contain regional differences and support Arab solidarity and the common Arab march to protect Arab govern-

Last Monday, the Monarch visited Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak in Alexandria, where both leaders discussed ways to the Gulf dispute.

King Hussein's visit to Egypt came days after Iraqi President Saddam Hussein accused Kuwait and the United Arab Emirates of flooding the oil market by violating their Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) production quotas, drivng down oil prices.

King Hussein also telephoned the Iraqi president several times during the past two weeks.

Jordan, along with Egypt, Iraq and North Yemen, formed the Arab Cooperation Council in February 1989.

Jordan, Egypt urge quick end to Gulf row Badran, Sedki say no knowledge of U.S.-Israeli efforts

By Mariam M. Shahin Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Egypt and Jordan both hoped that one-week-old dispute between Iraq and Kuwait would be solved as quickly as possible so that the issue is not internationalised. the Jordanian and Egyptian prime miniters told a news conference Sunday at the conclusion of a two-day meeting of the Joint Jordanian-Egyptian

Higher Committee After signing a \$250 million trade protocol, the two prime ministers also told reporters that they were unaware of any U.S.-Isralei effort to try to arrange a Middle East peace conference without the Palestine Liberation Organistion

"The dispute between Iraq and Kuwait is an Arab problem and all of us are anxious that

the situation be kept regional and not be internationalised," Prime Minister Mudar Badran told reporters.

The prime minister said that His Majesty King Hussein was in close contact with the leaders of Iraq and Kuwait.

Asked about PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat's statement that the U.S. and Israel were plotting to leave the PLO out of peace talks, the two prime ministers said that they had no information on the

"We have not received any information from the parties concerned," Badran said.

Badran and Sedki also announced the signing of a bilateral trade agreement worth \$250 million

They told reporters that among issues of bilateral concern that were discussed by the joint committee were economic cooperation, commication, planning, agriculture. transport, energy, tourism, information, health, culture and man-

Badran stressed the importance of close cooperation between the two countries, founding members of the Arab Cooperation Council

"Cooperation between Arab brothers at a time of enormous political and economic challenges is utmost importance," Badran told reporters.

Badran reiterated statements. made by King Hussein in Alexandria about the on-going dispute

between Iraq and Kırwait over the price of crude oil. "The dispute is an Arab problem and all of us are anxious that the

situation be kept regional and not internationalised," Badran said. The prime minister said that King Hussein was in contact with the leaders of Iraq and Kuwait and said that the dispute would be addressed and resolved as a result of Arab efforts.

Sedki stressed the importance of

'It is of utmost importance that the Arab-Israeli conflict be re-solved peacefully," Sedki said. The disruption of the U.S.-PLO dialogue was a setback for the peace process but all sides must do their best to enable the resumption

of the dialogue," he added.

Sedki stressed that "other parties" should join the peace process, but did not identify either the parties nor which precise peace process he was referring to.

The Egyptian prime minister confirmed that meetings between Egyptian, Sudanese, Libyan and Syrian officials had taken place after Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi and Syrian President Hafez Al Assad paid separate visits to Cairo

A major result of the meetings, he said, had been agreements to plant wheat and grains in Egypt and Sudan to strengthen the food supolies available in the two countries

The Egyptian delegation headed by Sedki left Amman later Sunday.

Jeddah talks begin

NICOSIA (Agencies) — Iraq and Kuwait will meet in Saudi Arabia Tuesday for crisis talks aimed at resolving their furious row over oil and territory.

here Sunday on a mission aimed

at ending the dispute between

Iraq and Knwait and held a round

of talks with Iraqi President Sad-

Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah.

sought to "consolidate Arab soli-

darity and collective Arab ac-

tion," and noted that he had been

in contact with various other

Arab leaders on the Iraqi-

Shortly after the King's arrival

here, a Saudi official announced

that Iraqi and Kuwaiti leaders

were to meet in Jeddah for recon-

and Arab order."

Kuwaiti dispute.

Saudi Arabia announced Sunday night that the talks between Kuwaiti Prime Minister Sheikh Saad Al Abdullah Al Sabah and Izzat Ibrahim, the vice-chairman of Iraq's ruling Revolutionary Command Council, would take place in Teddah. "The Saudi government...

looks forward with hope to a cordial spirit at the meeting... in the interest of both countries and es." the Saudi Press A (SPA) quoted an official source as saying.

Baghdad, which prompted the

Gulf crisis when it accused Kuwait and the United Arab Emirates (UAE) of quota-bustng and Kuwait of stealing Iraqi oil, said earlier the talks may not be held this week, and added

(Agencies) - Police Sunday

ordered a research institute run

by Jerusalem's leading Palesti-

nian closed for a third year and

boarded up two new branches of

Faisal Husseini, director of the

Arab Studies Centre for Resear-

ching the Uprising, said police

handed him three separate clo-

for every office after carefully

searching them." Husseini told

the Associated Press in a tele-

Husseini was jailed for 18

months during the first part of the

31-month uprising against Israeli

occupation of the West Bank and

However, he also was ordered

to meet with Israeli officials while

They gave us separate orders

sure orders.

Gaza Strip.

phone interview.

the facility for the first time.

Kırwait might be to blame. Arab diplomats have been heavily engaged in trying to get Kuwait and Iraq to the conference table following Baghdad's deployment of thousands of troops and tanks along its border with Kuwait last week.

Iraq said Friday that the talks in Jeddah would be procedural and substantive negotiations should take place in Baghdad

Diplomats in the Gulf said that Iraq emerged strengthened from an Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) meetforced other Gulf states to accept oil production discipline as demanded by Baghdad.

Iraq said Sunday the talks with Kuwait, due to have started Saturday or Sunday in the Saudi port of Jeddah, may not be held this week, and added Kuwait might be to blame for the delay.

an Israeli-Palestinian peace. Af-

ter his releae from jail, he was

banned for a time from travelling

However, he recently made a

trip to the United States to urge

peace, along with Yael Dayan,

daughter of the late Israeli

General Moshe Dayan who was

defence minister when the West

Bank and Gaza Strip were occu-

The Arab Studies Centre in

Jerusalem was first closed in July

1988 for one year on grounds that

the Palestine Liberation Orga-

nisation (PLO) funded its activi-

ties. Police also charged that the

centre was "an instrument to

advance the aims of the upris-

Husseini, said the closure

pied in the 1967 war.

Palestinian strike marks

Jerusalem anniversary

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM in jail to discuss the chances for

abroad

It also demanded that Knwait accept Iraq's "legitimate rights" outlined in a memorandum to the Arab League before the talks started.

Diplomats in the Gulf said the tough Iraqi conditions were unacceptable to Knwait. They would have meant that

Kuwait accepted Iraqi charges that it had stolen Iraqi oil, that it was giving up its claim to disputed border territory and was responsible for billions of dollars of Iraqi losses due to falling oil

Kuwait said, however, it still it talks with Irac go ahead and would lead to a final settlement of all differences between the two countries. A government spokesman.

quoted by the Kuwaiti News Agency (KUNA), confirmed for the first time that Crown Prince

(Continued on page 4)

"The closure shows the con-

tinuation of Israel's hard mea-

sures against Palestinians. It is

of a peaceful solution," said Hus-seini, who is considered a moder-

ate by Palestinians.

branch was closed.

ign press.

proof the Israelis are not thinking

The Arab Studies Centre's two

branches closed Sunday are also

located in Arab Jerusalem, Hus-

seini started them after the main

Last year police closed the press office of Sari Nusseibeh,

another prominent Palestinian

leader. Nusseibeh used the

offices to print a weekly report of

uprising activities and translate

underground leaflets for the fore-

Police said Nusseibeh's office

(Continued on page 5)

dropped election proposal

PLO says

Shamir

BAGHDAD (Agencies) — A senior Palestinian official said Sunday that Israeli Prime Miffister Yitzhak Shamir has dropped his plans for an election in the occupied territories. Bassam Abu Sharif, the political adviser to Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat, reiterated Arafat's belief that Shamir has instead opted for direct Arab-Israeli talks to settle the Middle

In Israel, Shamir spokesman Avi Pazner denied that the election had been dropped, saying, "Our govern-ment remains committed to the peace plan in all its aspects. We are strongly committed to the election plan."

Abu Sharif told reporters that Shamir's new position was relayed to the organisation by a senior Likud bloc member in a meeting with a high-ranking PLO official.

He said the meeting was held re cently in London between the PLO and the Likud official, but refused to name them or give further details about how or why it was arranged. The Likud official told the PLO aide that the Shamir government had fundamentally shifted its views on the election plan and now favoured talks with Arab countries to solve the Arab-Israeli problem, Abu Sharif

"Shamir's new views have blown up his previous plan and he is now in favour of negotiating the issue with an Arab delegation in the context of an international conference," Abu Sharif quoted the Likud official as saying. It was the first time a Palestinian official reported a meeting with a senior Likud member. Israelis are banned by law from meeting PLO

Payner denied there had been any contact, calling the PLO statement the "wishful thinking of Mr. Abu

Abu Sharif said he believed that Shamir's new views have been re-layed to U.S. President George Bush in a letter sent after Shamir formed his hardline government last month. The letter has been in the centre of diplomatic contacts between the United States and Israel, but its contents

Arafat warned Saturday that Israel was trying to convene a Middle East eace conference excluding the PLO. He said Shamir proposed to Bush a

(Continued on page 5)

Egypt seeks Sabah-Aziz meeting

AMMAN - Egyptian Deputy Prime Minister and Foreign Minister Esmat Abdul Meguid said Sunday that Cairo was keen on containing the dispute between Iraq and Kuwait and was making every possible efforts to arrange a meeting of the foreign ministers of the In a statement to Al Ra'i and the

Jordan Times, Abdul Meguid said he would try to arrange such a meeting in Cairo, where both ministers will be taking part in a meeting of the foreign ministers of the Organistion of Islamic Confer-ence (OIC).

Kuwaiti Foreign Minister Sheikh Sabah Al Ahmad Al Sabah and Iraqi Foreign Minister Tareq Aziz are expected to be analyze attending the OIC meeting.

Egypt and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), Abdul Megnid said: "The question would better be addressed to the PLO because Egypt has not created this

He said Egypt is willing to overcome all such crises through consultations and coordination and noted that Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak and Palestinian President Yasser Arafat recently met in Tacz, Yemen, and reviewed the

"We still have a long way to go together, Abdul Meguid said. His recent visit to the United States, the minister said, followed George Bush and Mubarak. He said his mission was to explain the situation in the region and the latest suspended the Palestinian-Amer-

"Following my return, I made several contacts with the PLO leadership and informed them of Egypt's keen interest to maintain coordination with the PLO," the minister said.

He added that his country was committed to following the path of peace, "despite all difficulties because peace — just and honourable peace - is essential for the world at

He said the Palestine question "is the central question of all Arabe and voiced pride in the Palestinian uprising," which has changed the equilibrium in the region and created a new situation

Asked if his country intends to Iran, the minister said he would discuss this issue with the Iranian delegation taking part in the OIC opens in Cairo Tuesday.

Cairo, Amman outline major moves to boost cooperation

AMMAN (Petra) — The Joint Jordanian-Egyptian Higher Committee concluded a two-day meeting here Sunday and prime ministers Mudar Badran and Atef Sedki signed the minutes of the committee's deliberations designed to promote cooperation in many

At a press conference held after the meetings, Prime Minister Mudar Badran and Egyptian Prime Minister Atef Sedki said they had also signed a trade agreement covering a total volume of \$250 million for this

According to an official state-ment issued at the end of the :enoizzes

The two sides expressed determination to implement projects provided for under the joint holding company. They will each pay the remaining \$2.5 million shares in the company's total capital of \$50 million to help carry out animal feed, lean meat and agricultural seed projects. The lean meat and fodder project will cost 32 million Egyptian pounds and will be set up in Egypt. The committee, recommended that a feasibility study be conducted on the seed project, expected to be set up in Jordan. The two sides will also comproject to be set up in Egypt and will temporarily shelve a joint tourism project to open the way for the private sectors in the two countries to carry it out.

The two sides decided to exempt

from customs duty certain products and will take measures to ensure the implementation of a trade protocol signed by the two countries. The committee called for a meeting by specialists from both sides employed by the national airlines to try

to settle payments due for payment by Egypt Air to Jordan between April 1988 and October 1988. The two sides reviewed a project for producing phosphoric acid at the Dead Sea. The project will be com-pleted by October this year.

They decided to conduct a feasibility study on a potassium project to be set up in Egypt. Jordanian fertiliser and industrial companies will be encouraged to purchase spare parts from Egypt and both countries will pave the way for alternate meetings by technical and industrial committee in Amman and Cairo to plan out ways

for achieving industrial integration. The committee urged the con-cerned authorities in the two countries to exchange sets of regulations and legislation pertaining to industry for future coordination of laws and specifications and agreed to encourage vocational training corporations to exchange plans and programmes on training in various trades. The committee stressed the import-

eration and particularly referred to the areas of southern Jordan and southern Sinai which have similar characteristics. A Jordanian team will visit Egypt and benefit from national and regional and rural planning and the two sides will set up a joint team to work out details for coordination in planning matters.

The committee voiced satisfaction

with cooperation in the exchange of information, visits by agricultural specialists and with organising training courses for personnel from either It said the two sides were going

ahead satisfactorily with the process of exchanging fruit trees and seeds, and carrying out projects emanating from the joint holding company.

The two sides will continue close cooperation in carrying out linking their national grids, and will entrust a joint committee with pursuing studies in oil and natural gas. They will also conduct training of personnel at laboratories in Egypt on extracting

uranium from phosphate.

The two sides voiced satisfaction with the operations of the Arab Maritime Bridge company linking Sinai with Aqaba and agreed to provide facilities for increased transport operations by constructing a modern passenger station at Aqaba and a new quay at Nweibeh in Sinai. The two sides will exempt all Jordanian and Egyptian travellers along the Aqaba Nweibeh route from travel fees in

(Continued on page 4)

in Port-of-Spain

PORT-OF-SPAIN (Agencies) — Black Muslim rebels who seized Trinidad and Tobago Prime Minister A.N.R. Robinson and his cabinet said Sunday they hoped that a negotiated end may be near in the two-day stand-off in an attempted coup that killed at least 22 people.

Scores have been injured, including Robinson, since the rebels staged their coup attempt Priday night, and the heart of Port-of-Spain has been devastated by looting and fires that broke out when the coup began.

The prime minister was shot in the leg shortly after the rebels burst into parliament Friday evening and seized the government officials.

Roman Catholic Archbishop Anthony Pantin, who negotiated with the rebels, said he was told that the prime minister and the other hostages had been wired with explosives and would be blown up if an attempt were

made to free them. The Caribbean News Agency (CANA) said the rebels had shot Robinson in the leg when he refused to sign a document they submitted to him. His medical condition was unclear.

In an overnight radio interview, rebel spokesman Bilal Abdullah said the rebels and the government were near an agreement to end the stand-off and said he hoped that it would be completed Sunday.

The tentative agreement, he said, involved the prime minister's resignation, the appointment of Deputy Prime Minister Winston Dookeran as interim minister for 90 days, and fresh

elections after that. Rebels loyal to Yanis Abu Bakr, a former policeman who leads the sect that launched the coup attempt, were holding Robinson and some 40 other hostages in the parliament building, known as the Red House, and

buildings housing a radio and a television station. Jones Madeira, news director

of the government television station and a captive, said by telephone Sunday that the agreement provided that an interim government of major political parties would run the country until the elections are held.

Madeira was reached by telephone in the television station, where he said he and 30 other employees were being held. He said 10 others were captives at Radio Trinidad in an adjoining building.

The television station is several

kilometres northeast of Red

House "My information is that Prime Minister Robinson has agreed to step down and that an interim government of major political parties will run the country until

elections are held in 90 days,"

(Continued on page 5)

Gunman gives up after London hostage drama

LONDON (R) — A gunman who burst into a London nightclub and held dozens of people hostage surrendered to armed police Sunday after many of his captives escaped saying he was drank on whisky and high on

cocaine, The man, who told one witness he was Lebanese and demanded a plane to Beirut, left Tokyo Joe's Club in the exclusive Mayfair district escorted by police. He was limping, with a

red blanket over his head. A police spokesman said no one had been burt in the 10hour siege, although some of the hostages were shocked and

At one time the man held

more than 100 people at gunpoint. Staff and customers said he had demanded a plane to fly himself and some of his hostages to Beirut.

"He is drunk and coked to the sky. He was drinking from a bottle of black label and fell over, breaking it and cutting his leg open. It is bleeding badly, one customer, 20-year-old Tina Broderick, said after escaping.

"He asked me to get a packet from his jacket. He took two grammes of cocaine there and then." she added. "He just kept falling over and I took my chance and ran away."

Police said that during the negotiations they sent in smoked salmon sandwiches from the exclusive Ritz Hotel. They said the man freed many hostages in negotiatons while others managed to escape. Eventually the number of captives fell to about half a dozen.

The man burst into the club at about 2 a.m., firing a shotgun and shouting that he had a bomb.

Broderick said the gunman had used four girls as a shield when he went into the nain room. "He had four girls lined up in front of him. He was crouching behind them for protection.

A police spokesman said later a number of Arab VIPs had been in the club but all were safe. He did not say who they Barman Peter Antonello said

the gunman made Arabs stand on one side of the main room and Europeans on the other.

"He wanted a bus for 60 people to go to Heathrow (Airport) and an airplane available to go to Beirut," Antonello

Armed police surrounded the building, near the Ritz, and opened negotiations with the gunman. They said he had made demands but would not say what they were.

Broderick said the gunman had identified himself as

Iraq assails U.S. for not denouncing Israeli threat

States and other Western nations for maintaining silence over a statement by Israeli Science Minister Yuval Neeman that Israel could use chemical weapons if Iraq used them against

A spokesman for the Foreign Ministry told the Iraqi News Agency (INA) that Iraq was not surprised to hear that Israel possesses chemical weapons as "everybody knows that Israel has all kinds of weapons of mass destruction.

"But we are surprised that America and the West made a lot of fuss about Iraq's weapons potential and kept silent on the statement by the Israeli minister," the spokesman said.

He said the American and Western silence was "evidence of their double standard" and their policies of "making Israel the dominant power in the Middle

In Israel, Neeman backed away Saturday from his call for Israel to respond in kind to Iraqi warnings that it would use chemical weapons to retaliate for any Israeli attack.

In the most far-reaching statement by an Israeli leader on the

By Maurice Guindi

The Associated Press

CAIRO — Syria wants Muslim

countries to unite in resisting

U.S.-led efforts to get the United

Nations to revoke a resolution

equating Zionism with racism.

according to a senior Egyptian

from the 45 members of the

Organisation of Islamic Confer-

ence (OIC) met and adopted an

agenda for the 19th annual fore-

ign ministers meeting opening in

The 85-item agenda included

several subjects which were expli-

citly or implicitly anti-Israel or

It also included the burning

Egypt's Amr Moussa, who

chaired the experts session, told

reporters about the Syrian prop-

osal, which was included in the

agenda along with a Jordan-re-

quested item on the same subject.

issue of Kashmir which threatens

a new military confrontation be-

tween Pakistan and India.

Cairo next Tuesday.

anti-American.

The disclosure came as experts

official.

BAGHDAD (Agencies) — Iraq subject, Neeman said Friday that call on Israel to start producing Sunday slammed the United Israel was ready to counter Iraqi them."

"In my opinion, we have an excellent response, and that is to threaten (Saddam) Hussein with the same merchandise," said Neeman in an interview on Israel

this, it is possible to prepare a suitable response," said Neeman, who is also head of Israel's space programme "I have doubt that also today we can respond to a threat like this."

Israel is widely believed to have chemical weapons, but officials have never admitted it. In Israel, a source in Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir's office indicated Friday that Shamir was displeased with Neeman's declaration and meant to discuss the radio interview with him. Neeman said Saturday that he

had been misunderstood "I think the whole thing was taken out of context," the 65year-old Neeman said on Israel

"What I said was that the answer should be in kind. In kind could be heavy bombardments by our excellent air force... I did say that it is no problem to produce chemical weapons but I did not

was strongly opposed by Israel, the United States and other

Western countries, Arab, Com-

munist and many Third World

countries approved it. It could

not be blocked because the big

powers have no veto in the

port, Washington has been trying

to marshal enough backing

among U.N. members to scrap

certain to win overwhelming sup-

port at the Cairo meeting.

The Syrian move is virtually

According to acopy of the

agenda obtained by the AP, Syria

asked that the conference discuss

"persistent efforts and various

forms of pressure by the United

States on world countires and the

United Nations" to get the

General Assembly to rescind the

1975 resolution at the coming fall

The Jordanian-proposed item

Agenda items included the

simply said: "Zionism is a form of

racism and racial discrimination."

With strong congressional sup-

OIC moves under way to counter

U.S. effort to kill U.N. resolution

the resolution.

However, Neeman, who served both as deputy director of army intelligence and scientific director of Israel's atomic energy programme, answered a direct question of whether Israel possessed such arms with, "That ques-"And if there is an enemy like tion should be asked of the minister of defence."

In Washington, the State Department said in a terse statement Friday: "We've seen those reports and we will be taking up the subject with the government of

Studies published abroad have reported Israel has both chemical and nuclear weapons capabilities. The London-based International Institute for Strategic Studies said Israel could possess up to 100

nuclear warbeads. Arab countries have defended the development of chemical weapons as a cheap and technologically easy response to Israeli nuclear capabilities.

Defence Minister Moshe Arens said this week the chances for war in the Middle East were at the highest level in years because of Iraq "threats" but officials made clear Israel did not see a threat unless Iraq acted together with other Arab states.

and the "strategic alliance" be-

tween the United States and

Israel. It was not clear whether

the word "aggression" referred to

a general American policy trend

or specifically the U.S. punitive

air attacks on Tripoli and Ben-

ghazi in 1986 after a bombing in

West Germany blamed on Libya.

Items included the influx of

Soviet Jewish immigrants into the

Jewish state and their settlement

in the occupied territories, the

Palestinian uprising in the West

Bank and Gaza and "contesting

Previous challenges to Israel's

credentials have failed and some

OIC members are known to

oppose this. They include Egypt, which signed a treaty with Israel

The agenda also included cus-

tomary fixtures like the Palesti-

nian problem, the status of Jeru-

salem. Lebanon's civil war, the

Iraq-Iran dispute, the situation in Afghanistan and Muslim minor-

ities in non-Muslim countries, in-

Mubarak will open the ministerial

parley with a keynote speech that

Cairo government sources said

will emphasise: the need for con-

ciliation and peaceful dialogue to

settle inter-Muslim differences.

But the forces said Egypt was

determined to keep out of the

conference floor the latest crisis

in the Muslim World, that be-

tween Iraq and Kuwait over oil

production and border demarca-

Direct Iraqi-Kuwaiti talks organised by Mubarak and Saudi

Arabian King Fahd are due to

open this week in Jeddah, Saudi

The Egyptian sources said that

Cairo wants to keep the conflict

"strictly within the Arab circle."

listed an Iranian entry reading;

The new Zionist conspiracy to

destroy the Islamic holy shrines.'

It was not clear from the word-

ing whether it referred only to Al

Aqsa Mosque in Jerusalem,

Islam's third holiest shrine, or

covered also the holy places in

Sandi Arabia. The latter are the

grand mosque in Mecca, which

houses the Kaaba, and the

Prophet Mohammad's tomb in

man 29, Aqaba 39. Humidity readings: Amman 38 per cent, Aqaba 18 per

USEFUL TELEPHONE

NIGHT DUTY

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NUMBERS

The agenda adopted Saturday

Arabia.

Egyptian President Hosni

cluding the Philippines.

Israel's U.N. credentials."

Lebanon battles unabated

KFAR HITTI, Lebanon (R) Rival Shi'ites fought for control of a strategic strip of South Lebanon Sunday, ignoring red cross attempts to evacuate wounded from the battlefield.

Witnesses said battles between Syrian-backed Amal militiamen and Palestinian guerrillas against gunmen of the pro-Iranian Hizbollah (Party of God) centred around the village of Kfar Milki, 40 kilometres south of Beirut.

At least 45 people were killed and 90 wounded in fighting near the village Saturday. There was no immediate word on casualties from Sunday's fighting in which artillery, rockets, and mortars were used.

The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) Sunday renewed its plea to the warring sides to "consider its urgent appeal in favour of the victims of the conflict and to respond positively to its request of a humanitarian cease-

A Reuter correspondent said empty shell casings littered the winding roads leading to the battlezone where clouds of smoke hung low over Kfar Milki.

He said some Amai and Palestinian fighters, taking a breather from the fighting, looked haggard after 16 hours of battles Saturday. The heavily-armed fighters sat under oak trees reading newspapers and drinking coffee.

Israeli warplanes, following the daily pattern set on July 16 when the inter-Shi'ite fighting empted, flew reconnaissance missions over the shellshattered district.

Amal, helped by guerrillas of the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO), captured two strategic hills on the edge of Kfar Milki Saturday. The Reuter correspondent said Amal and Palestinian flags fluttered on the hills.

given Amal and the Palestinians control of the main supply route for Hizbollah in the Iolim Al Toufah region, just north of Israel's self-declared South Lebanon "security 20ne."

About 600 Palestinians moved into the area last week to prevent Hizbollah from gaining territory and provided Anal with artillery cover.

PLO official Anwar Madi told reporters the PLO deployed in the area "to prevent Hizbollah from achieving its scheme to control a large part of South Lebanon."

Israel and its local militia ally, the South Lebanon Army, have shelled Amal, Hizbollah and Palestinian positions and reinforced positions overlooking Iqlim Al Toutah.

Amal and Hizbollah, vying for leadership of Lebanon's 1.5 million Shi'ites, have been fighting on-and-off.

U.N. plan to repatriate Afghan refugees gets off to slow start

LANDI KOTAL, Pakistan (AP) known whether the repatriation - The United Nations set up an Afghan refugee repatriation programme Saturday at the edge of the Khyber Pass, but no re-

fugees appeared. The United Nations was offering \$150 and 300 kilogrammes of wheat to refugees in exchange for their ration cards, which entitle them to a monthly stipend of food

in the refugee camps. About three million Afghans fled to Pakistan after 1979 when Soviet soldiers marched into Afghanistan to crush a growing insurgency and install their allies

An additional two million refugees are living in Iran. It wasn't Peshawar.

scheme had begun in Iran. A U.S.-backed provisional re-

bel government has condemned the U.N.-sponsored plan, fearing a mass exodus from the hundreds of refugee camps in Pakistan would erode their powerbase. Jan Alam, an Afghan refugee, said Islamic clerics warned their

congregations Friday not to return to Afghanistan. "The mullahs (clerics) warned

that if we go back we would be kafirs (non-Muslim)," Alam said. He heard the warnings during Friday prayers at the sprawling Nasir Baugh refugee camp, outside Pakistan's border city of

While it is widely believed that 3.2 million war refugees are living in Pakistan, only 2.8 million are registered with the United Nations. The newly implemented programme applies only to the registered refugees.

A U.N. official, who spoke on condition he not be identified. said thousands of refugees have already returned, particularly to Afghanistan's arid southern province of Kandahar. But many of them were unregistered.

A Pakistan border guard, who refused to be identified, said five Afghan families did return to Afghanistan Saturday but none were registered.

Price of keeping peace is too high in Cyprus

By Jacqueline Reditt **Reuter

NICOSIA - Keeping the peace between the Turkishand Greek-Cypriot communities on this divided island is costing more than \$90 million a year and the handful of countries that fork out most of the money are crying out for

Únited Nations Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar has expressed concern over "the chronic and ever deepening financial crisis" facing the U.N. peacekeeping force in

Cyprus. His appeals to U.N. member states for more money have so far fallen on deaf ears. When the Security Council

first recommended stationing a peacekeeping force on the island in 1964 to keep the warring communities apart, it was for a period of three months with costs to be met by governments providing the contingents, the Cypriot government and voluntary contributions from other states.

The financing structure has since remained unchanged. More peacekeeping troops arrived on the island following the Turkish invasion in 1974 which was prompted by a coup

in Nicosia engineered by the military junta then ruling **Greece**. The U.N. "Blue Berets" have been responsible for patrolling the green line dividing the island since the Turkish

some 31,000 Turkish and 5,000. Turkish-Cypriot troops in the northern third of the island from about 2,000 Greek and 16,000 Greek-Cypriot troops in the south. U.N. troops also have to

grapple with Greek-Cypriot demonstrators trying to cross into the north to protest against the Turkish occupa-Britain, Canada, Austria

and Denmark at present provide some 2,000 troops and pay about two thirds of all costs. Sweden, Australia, Ireland and Finland have smaller police contingents.

Cyprus provides premises for the headquarters and The other third of the cost of

keeping the contingents is supposed to be met from a special U.N. contributions account. This has led to prob-Since 1964, only 72 of the

160 U.N. member nations have contributed to the fund. The Soviet Union has given nothing and France made its first contribution last year.

In 1989, 22 countries, excluding those which provide troops, contributed a total of nearly \$15 million — about half the annual requirement.

The special fund has an accumulated deficit of nearly \$180 million and reimburse-

ment claims from the troop ** *** *** contributing countries are 10 The buffer zone separates vears in arrears

> These countries are now demanding a system of assessed contributions by all U.N. member states. In joint letters sent to the Security Council in May they protested about the "excessive and wholly unfair financial burden."

Last month De_mark went one step further, warning it was considering withdrawing its troops as Sweden did in

"We are prepared for the worst," said the U.N. peacekeeping commander, Major General Clive Milner.

"As professional soldiers, we'll get on with doing the job to the best of our ability, but I would have great difficulty making do if the Danes were to pull out."

The Cypriot government, which is currently contributing nearly \$800,000 a year to the special fund, hopes the United Nations will find a replacement if the Danes leave.

"We consider that the U.N. force has carried out its job of peacekeeping in a very creditable manner and that under the present circumstances, its effective presence is still neces-

We have always held the view that peacekeeping and peacemaking go step in step," said Andreas Jacovides, director general of the Foreign

MIDDLE EAST NEWS IN BRIEF

Momoh: 'Arabs don't keep promises'

ABU DHABI (R) - Sierra Leone's President Joseph Momoh was quoted Sunday as saying Arab countries do not keep their promises on aid. "Frankly we are disappointed with our Arab brothers," the Sharjah-based Al Khaleej newspaper reported Momoh as saying. "When you go to them, they welcome you and make promises to give you aid. When you leave them it is the end of the story. "We Africans have suspicions towards Arabs. We believe they do not take our ties seriously and are not too warm towards us." Al Khaleej said Momoh made his remarks last week during a brief stopover at Sharjah airport on his way to China. It quoted him as saying he was going all the way to China because he was confident the Chinese would help him. Momoh said his country appreciated what he called the limited U.S. aid of \$50 million in annual credits. "As you see, fifty million is nothing compared with the enormous Arab resources. But we have tried and found it difficult to get any aid from Arabs."

Bomb wounds anti-Abu Nidai dissidents

TYRE, Lebanon (R) - A bomb ripped through the offices of an anti-Abu Nidal dissident group in South Lebanon Sunday, seriously wounding a top official, security sources said. They said the blast caused extensive damage to the group's headquarters at the Rashideyeh refugee camp in the port of Tyre, 76 kilometres, south of Beirut. The breakaway faction split from Abu Nidal's Fatch Revolutionary Council (FRC) earlier this year and called itself the Fatch Revolutionary Council - Emergency Command. The leader, known only as Sufyan, and three other members were seriously wounded and rushed to a hospital in Tyre, the sources said. Sufyan's supporters, backed by guerrillas loyal to Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat, drove Abu Nidal's followers from Rashideyeh earlier this year after

Somali rebels agree to release trawler

NAIROBI (R) - Somali rebels have agreed to release a Soviet trawler they seized earlier this month, Addis Ababa-Radio reported. It quoted the Ethiopian Ministry of Internal Affairs as saying the agreement was reached after discussions between government representatives and representatives of the Somali National Movement (SNM). The radio, monitored in Nairobi, said Saturday the trawler would be released soon but did not say when. The Ethiopian ministry said 27 Soviet citizens and three Somali nationals were on board the trawler when it was captured, and 16 of the Soviet nationals had been taken hostage by the SNM. Western diplomats said the Soviet Union had asked Ethiopia to press the Somali rebels to free the trawler captured on July 18 by an SNM gunboat. When the hostages were taken off, the trawler, with the remainder of its crew, was anchored at a small island off the north coast of Somalia. The trawler was fishing under licence from the Somali government when it was attacked. The SNM is one of several rebel groups fighting to overthrow President Mohammad Siad Barre. It operates mainly in northern Somalia.

Turkish-Libyan meeting opens

NICOSIA (R) — Turkish and Libyan economic teams have begun a series of meetings in the coastal town of Sixte on boosting cooperation, the Libyan news agency JANA reported Sunday. Talks began Saturday and committees were formed to deal with commercial, financial, social, industrial, labour and oil affairs, the agency, received in Cyprus, said.

Quake hits Iran's Khuzestan province.... are a real content and authorities a region for the later and an exerci-

NICOSIA (R) - An earthquake measuring 4.6 on the Richter Scale shook a town in Iran's oil-rich province of Khuzestan Saturday, the second to hit the area in four days. The Iranian news agency IRNA said the tremor was centred 450 kilometres southwest of Tehran, near the town of Andimeshk. It did not report any casualties or damage. An earthquake registering 5.2 on the Richter Scale iolted Khuzestan's capital Ahwaz last Wedneday, causing panic among residents. IRNA said an area northwest of Tehran devastated by a strong earthquake last month was shaken by three aftershocks over the past 24 hours. The strongest shock, measuring 4.3 on the Richter Scale, destroyed several damaged buildings in the town of Rudbar, where the government announced it would hold a traditional 40th-day memorial Tuesday for the 40,000 victims of last month's quake.

Iran council vetoes death penalty bill

TEHRAN (R) - Iran's Guardian Council, which oversees parliament, vetoed a bill setting a mandatory death penalty for major economic crimes with subversive intent. The council threw out the bill because it did not define a "major" offence nor say how opposition to the government would be proved, Nameh Iran newspaper said. Parliament had passed the bill 10 days ago after radical Islamic fundamentalist officials called for the hanging of "economic terrorists." The bill covered embezzlement, overcharging, hoarding, bribery and smuggling of foreign currency, autiques and other valuables.

Militants rounded up in Egypt

CAIRO (R) - Police detained at least 100 Muslim militants in a nationwide search for gunmen who shot and wounded two policemen Friday, a security source said Sunday. Many of those detained were released after police established they had no link to the shooting in the exclusive Cairo suburb of Maadi, the source said, and the rest were being beld for further questioning. One of the two wounded policemen, still in critical condition, and able to communicate only in tign language, indicated that two pedestrians tried to steal his gun then beat and shot him. The second policeman said he did not see anything because his back was turned when he was shot. A security source Friday quoted witnesses as saying four or five assailants had fired from a speeding car. The en were shot in front of a villa owned by an Egyptian busin and police were checking if he was the intended victim.

The U.N. resolution, adopted U.S. "aggression" against Libya

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kins express their thanks and gratitude to all those who offered condolences over the death of the late

Arsen (Boulos) Boghos Kouyoumdijan

above.

condolences or wreaths of flowers, by calling over the phone or by contributing to the Armenian Charitable Society or to the Homentmen Club. This word should be considered as a message of thanks for all those mentioned

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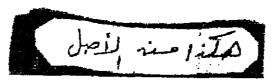
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Ministers to review creation of an ACC central bank, trade

AMMAN — Jordan Sunday received a copy of the agenda of the Arab Cooperation Council (ACC) ministerial meetings which will open here on Sept. 8 at Prime Ministers' level.

The copy was handed to Prime Minister Muder Badran by ACC Secretary-General Hihmi Nammar who said later that the idea of an ACC bank agreed on by the governors of the central banks in Jordan, Iraq, Yemen and Egypt will be among the main topics to be discussed in Amman.

In a statement to Al Ra'i and the Jordan Times, Nammar said that an agreement reached by the governors of the central banks of the ACC countries on July 20 entails the creation of the bank in stages with the purpose of finding

By Caroline Paraj a formula to settle payments for direct control of the governors of the Jordan Times — carchanged goods. direct control of the governors of the ACC central banks.

In the first stage, he said, the ACC will create a centre at the Central Bank of Jordan to deal with these payments and work over the full operations of inter-ACC settlement of payment and grant credit facilities.

"Five years later the bank will be able to conduct investment projects in the four-member council nations," said Nammar.

The ACC contral banks, he said, have approached the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) to prepare a detailed study on this project to be pre-sented to the ministerial council meeting in September.

According to the July 20 agreement, the projected bank will have a \$100 million capital in the mitial stage and will be under the the exchange of workers.

The coming ministerial council meeting will examine a \$120 million economic and trade deal which will be implemented by the will begin in two years on setting ACC members in 1990 and 1991 up the projected bank to take and will give approval for exempting 34 various national products from customs fees upon entry into any of the four-member

> said, are also expected to endorse a proposal for holding week-long trade fairs in each of the ACC member countries to help promote the sale of national products.

> Nammar said that the council meeting was also expected to review and endorse measures to be followed in agricultural, educational and planning fields and in matters related to organising

Syrians tour the world on foot

AMMAN (Petra) - Three Sy- Fahimeh said that they have rian around-the-world travellers arrived in Amman Sunday after crossing into Jordan from Syria on their way to other Arab and African nations.

The three: Mohammad Qassou'a, Thacr Faheed and Nidal come from the Suwedan district in southern Syria and visited the Mafraq and Zarqa governorates before arriving in Amman for a tour of archaeological sites and places of interest.

The travellers, who thanked

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

Cabinet appoints ambassadors

AMMAN (Petra) - The Cabinet has approved the appointment of Awad Abu Obeid as Jordan's ambassador to the United Arab Emirates, Fakhri Abu Taleb to Yemen and Akram Barakat to Switzerland. The Cabinet also approved the appointment of Mohammad Radwan Abdullah as mayor of Zahar Municipality in Irbid Governorate.

Jordan, Tunisia sign cooperation accord

TUNIS (Petra) - Jordan and Tunisia Sunday signed an executive programme of cooperation in the fields of sports and youth. The programme calls for exchange of experts and publications, exchange of visits by athletes and youths from both countries, setting up training camps and participating in Arab and international championships held in both countries. Signing the programme for Jordan was Minister of Youth Ibrahim Ghababsheh. Minister of Youth Hammoudeh Ben Salameh signed for Tunisia.

Lebanon joins agrarian centre

AMMAN (Petra) — The Lebanese government decided to join the Amman-based Near East Regional Centre for Agrarian Reform and Rural Development. In a memorandum presented to the centre's board of directors' chairman in Amman Saturday, through the Lebanese embassy, the government expressed its desire to get all the information concerning the centre.

The ACC prime ministers, he

hospitality, said that several fami-

lies have given them accommoda-"We will travel to Egypt and Sudan before going to a number of African nations and the United States," said the three adventurers who are making the trip on

They said that on their way back to Syria they would tour several European countries and that they would study traditions and customs of various nations

and write about them in a book. While in the foreign countries, they said, they will distribute leaflets orienting foreigners on Arab states and will set up art exhibitions to belp promote their

The around-the-world trip is expected to take two years.

Libya's contribution comes timely to CAEU

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - The timely receipt of Libya's share of Arab contribution to the Council of Arab Economic Unity (CAEU) has saved the council from immediate financial problems, and it is now looking forward to other member states to fulfil their obligations, according to CAEU officials.

"We have received the share of the Libyan Jamahiriyeh's contribution to the council,' said CAEU Secretary-General Hassan Ibrahim. "We are much thankful to the Libyan government for this gesture," he told the Jordan Times Sun-

According to other officials, the Libyan payment was \$376,000, representing Tripoh's contribution for the year

According to Ghazi Hamzeh, deputy secretary-general of the Amman-based CAEU, "it came at a time when the council was wrestling with drastic financial crises." The Libvan payment was received

"We are hopeful that other members of the council will honour their financial obligations soon so that the institution can continue its operations," Hamzeh said.

The council, set up in 1964 with the aim of promoting economic integration among Arab states, now has 13 members after Kuwait withdrew earlier this year. It has been suffering from chronic economic problems and hit a major problem last year when it ran up a \$2 million debt as a result of non-receipt of contributions

from member states

Kuwait, which owes the council \$1.5 million as its share of contribution for the past four years, cancelled its membership after citing "ineffective management." Efforts aimed at convincing Kuwait to reverse the decision are continuing, Hamzeh told the Jordan Times. Kuwait left the council but the council's membership remained at the same number since it had readmitted Egypt in late 1988 after a suspension lasting almost a de-

The council has announced that it had adopted reform proposals made by Kuwait, but there has been no indication of any renewed Kuwait interest in the council despite the fact that the council had sizshed the Kuwaiti share of contribution to 23.73 per cent from 27.78 per cent, redefined its role to avoid duplication of work with similar Arab organisations, cutting salaries and staff size and trimming the budget.

cade.

Kuwaiti officials have said that they had repeatedly opposed the way the CAEU budget was handled and asked why Kuwait should be singled out for its failure to pay its dues to the council (of \$800,000 every year) while several other members have also failed to do so. Furthermore, they also argue that the work of the CAEU had clashed with that of the Arab Economic and Social Council,

another Arab League agency. The CAEU has reduced its budget to \$1.15 million in 1990 from \$1.6 million in 1989, and Hamzeh indicated that it was considering more cuts. He did affected. The council announced the dismissal of several employees last year as

a result of the financial straits. In addition to Kuwait, which has the highest unpaid dues, other members which had not paid their contributions for 1989 include Iraq, the United Arab Emirates, Egypt, Sudan, Somalia and Mauritania. according to Hamzen. Syria has not paid part of its share of contribution for 1990, he said. Other members in the coun-

cil are Jordan, Palestine, Yemen and Libya.

The problem of the CAEU, according to Arab diplomats, is typical of several other Arab League agencies which barely manage to scrap through their economic crises as a result of non-payment of dues by mem-

"When it was established, the council was expected to become one of the most effective and influential Arab League agencies," commented a Guif Arab diplomat. "But the expectations soon weared as is reflected in its membership today," he said referring to the fact that only 12 of the 22 Arab League members remain members of the council. Joining the council is optional for the Arab states.

Hopes were raised in 1988 that problems facing Arab League institutions would be handled in a positive way when a special experts' committee met in Amman under a Jordanian initiative, but very little practical action has been seen of the work of the experts, the diplomat noted.

Regent advocates regional approach to water, population

AMMAN (Petra) — His Royal
Highness Crown Prince Hassan,
the Regent, said Sunday that the
said that in this way the
Arabi would be drawing away
from conflicts and act in harmony
issues of population and water
resources are inter-related and
"It is rather better for the Arab regional point of view.

Prince said at a meeting with continued. visiting Egyptian Prime Minister Atef Sedki and Foreign Minister Esmat Abdul Meguid.

countries could benefit from ex- tries' economies. periments of other countries and present their integrated plans to immigration poses a threat to all world organisations for support. Arab states.

both should be studied from a countries to plan for themselves than await others to present them "Water and population issues with ready-made formulas," the can be dealt with by specialists Prince said. "It is incumbent on who, in turn, submit their ideas the Arabs to coordinate and and proposals to decision-makers cooperate in these matters as in the Arab countries," the soon as possible," the Prince

Sedki voiced his support for the Prince's views and said that the population problem is causing a Prince Hassan said that Arab serious pressure on Arab coun-

Sedici also, said that the Jewish

ing housing, agricultural and in-

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The council urged Arab states

"The conference urged Arab

Qatanani urges help for Palestinians' steadfastness

AMMAN (Petra) — A supervising intecting, held between July 21 ory council charged with looking and 27 in Damascus, called on the after the affairs of Palestinian Arab countries to provide help to refugees has ended a seven-day the Arab people of Palestine, meeting in Damascus by issuing a especially the workers, by initiatset of recommendations and re-solutions designed to provide services to the Palestinian people. areas occupied by Israel.

Jordan's delegate to the meeting submitted a number of states to conduct a full study memoranda and research papers about Israel's taxation policy and on Jewish settlements in Arab its adverse effects on the sociolands, human rights violations, the Soviet Jewish immigration to Palestine and Israel's drive to Palestine and Israel's drive to the coming U.N. General Assem-change the character and status of bly session," Qatanani added. Arab Jerusalem.

The delegate, Dr. Ahmad directly involved with the resituation in the occupied Arab these resources. lands resulting from Jewish immigration, Israel's intransigence to move towards peace and its ence arged Arab states to follow against the Arab population.

ment of Palestinian Affairs called on the Arab World to provide urgent assistance to the Palestinian families facing the Israeli atrocities so as to consolidate

According to Qatanani, the 1991.

Qatanani who has just returned fagees to present the Arab home, said that his address to the League with a full study of the meeting covered regional de- water resources in Palestine and velopments and the deteriorating "Israel's continued exploitation of Qatanani said that the confer-

continued inhuman practices up developments pertaining to the Soviet Jewish immigration Qatanani, who is director of and its demographic consequ-the Foreign Ministry's Depart-ences in Palestine. The meeting, which was

attended by delegates from Jordan, Syria, Palestine and the Arab League, decided to hold its next session at the Arab League headquarters in Tunis in January

Jordan Times Tel: 667171

WHAT'S GOING ON

EXHIBITIONS

- * Plastic art exhibition by Rudaina and Ruba Haddad at the Housing Bank Complex hall.
- ★ Exhibition of paintings by ten Iraqi artists at the Jordan Plastic
 Art Association Gallery tel. No., 699914.
- ☆ Open studio and workshop for artist Samia Zara displaying paintings, sculptures and hand-painted fabrics. Location: off 2nd Circle, opposite Resenthal (9:30-1:30 and 3:30-6:30).
- * Exhibition emittled "The United Arab Emirates Past and Present" displaying UAE national heritage and traditional costumes at the University of Jordan.
- * Exhibition of paintings by Iyad Ai Masri at Yarmouk Universi-

* French film entitled "Justin de Marseille" at the French Cultural Centre — 8:00 p.m.

(EROX has got

= Good News =

= Bad News =



Jordan Times

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Country for all and all for country

IT SEEMS that the commission entrusted to draft Jordan's national charter has hit one or two snags. Some of the commission members are asking the question of who's a Jordanian and who cannot or should not be. Yet others are questioning the wisdom behind political pluralism. Both are legitimate questions in the search for an ideal and most important "social contract" that would rule and regulate the relations among people living on this land. Ethnic, religious, political and ideological beliefs and affiliations, as recent history has shown, cannot be made useful and productive when suppressed, ignored or wrongly institutionalised. The basic principle of the sacredness of the individual's right to free thought, belief and affiliation without compromising other people's right or the national interest, must reign supreme.

The example of South Africa's apartheid, Eastern Europe's and the Soviet Union's erstwhile suppression of political pluralism, the Arab World's failure to address the issue of democracy, among others, are all lessons that must not escape the minds of the honourable persons who form the National Charter Commission. There is no danger in Jordanian groups forming their own political parties. In fact it is only healthy for society to be composed of different groups of people and individuals who differ on methods but

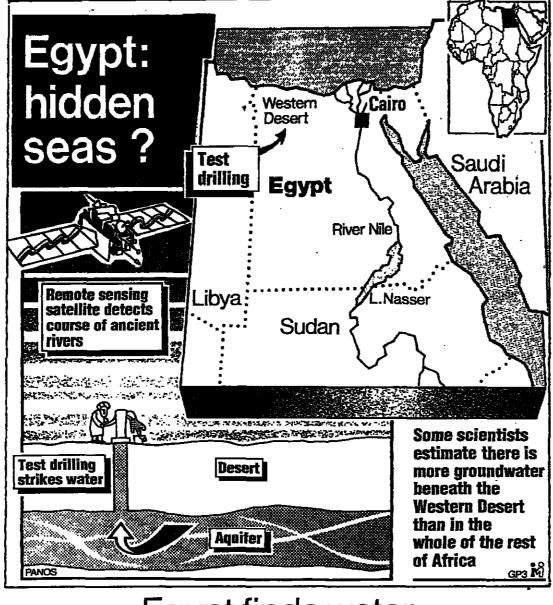
agree on common ideals and higher interests of a nation. We have been lucky in this country in the sense that the vast majority of our people understands and appreciates the fact that we all are destined to live together and everybody is prepared to shoulder his or her responsibility in building a promising future for our next generations. There is no escape from this. Whether we come from west of the river or east of it we are destined to share this land and to inhabit it. Our mutual interest is the future of our children and their well-being. That is why instead of sowing the seeds of division and disunity we must sow the seeds of unity and narmony. The problems of present-day politics had been the result of not only forced circumstances but also of absence of clarity and popular participation. We have the chance now to regain lost assets and vision. Nobody should be allowed to deprive the people of this country from realising and practising their full rights and from exercising their right to participate in shaping the future of the Kingdom and its

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

Commenting on the start of talks in Jeddah Sunday between Kuwait and Iraq to end a dispute over oil, Al Ra'i daily expressed optimism that the two sides will reach an amicable solution, and said that those who tried to tamper with the Gulf's security by setting one country against another will meet with total failure. The paper particularly mentioned the United States which, it said, had failed to interfere in the affair and whose congress has resorted to a decision of imposing economic sanctions on Iraq. It said that the decision was meant to compensate Washington for its failure, but the sanctions can by no means deter Iraq and Kuwait from reaching a settlement nor can it help Washington impose its hegemony on the Gult. Corre the days when the imperialists used to impose their will on the smaller nations, and the hands of the clock can never be pulled back, said the paper. What Washington can hope to achieve by its decision, said the paper, isan increase of the Arab people's hatred and bitterness towards the United States for its hostile actions and its improper attitude, the paper continued. It said that the United States' actions can also help the Arabs to bolster their solidarity and stand together in the face of the common threats.

A columnist in Al Ra'i Arabic daily Sunday criticises those Jordanians who shun jobs offered them in remote regions and rural areas away from the cities. Tareq Masarweh says more than 50 Jordanian doctors who are awaiting to get employment, and who had repeatedly applied for jobs with the government have turned down an offer to work in areas, away from their homes. The writer says that unless these doctors take up these jobs there can be no way of finding other jobs for them at present, and the unemployment problem will remain unsolved. The writer calls on the Housing Corporation to find proper homes for these doctors near their place of work so as to encourage Jordanians to serve in remote areas, and appealed to the Lower House of Parliament to discuss ways of changing social habits and ideas about work in the rural regions instead of demanding that the government do everything to absorb the thousands of unemployed people in its departments. Jordan, is a poor country with meagre resources, and should doctors and other job seekers need to work they ought to show a sense of belonging to their country and accept the offer to help solve the problem of unemployment, says Masarweh. He urges all citizens to accept jobs of any kind to serve their society.

Sawt Al Shaab daily discussed the Jordanian-Egyptian higher ioint committee meetings in Amman and said that they constitute a constructive step towards enhancing joint Arab action. This action is needed in the face of Israel's challenges and constant threats, and is also needed to bolster pan-Arab solidarity in the face of world economic blocs which are emerging fast and achieving success, said the paper. Both Egypt and Jordan, said the paper, are not only determined to cement their joint cooperation in socio-economic fields, but they are also determined to move ahead with political matters particularly in areas concerning the convening of an international conference to find a proper and lasting settlement to the Palestine problem.



Egypt finds water under a sea of sand

By Deborah Pugh

CAIRO, Egypt - Satellite images have led to a spectacular discovery of water beneath Egypt's Western Desert. There is speculation that it may contain more ground water than was thought to exist for the whole of

A test drilling, says Dr. Farouk Al Baz, indicated that there is enough water "for agriculture for 200,000 acres (80,000 hectares) for 200 years from that one well."

The discovery is of enormous

significance for a predominantly desert country dependent on the Nile, 86 per cent of whose waters come from drought-prone Ethiopia.

Instruments aboard the U.S. Space Shuttle Columbia first revealed the rocky beds of ancient river courses beneath the desert

"There must have been a great deal of water to form valleys as wide as the Nile Valley, 20 kilometres across," Dr. Al-Baz speculated after examining the

"If there were rivers as large the Nile, then there was much rain and a great deal of surface water. Some of that water would have evaporated; some would have seeped through the deeply fractured rock beneath and stored in aquifers."

To pursue his theory that the

water in those aquifers is still there, Dr. Al-Baz, Egyptian director of Boston University's Centre for Remote Sensing, in co-operation with the Egyptian government, started test drilling near the confluence of several buried valleys in the Western

He believes the find indicates the desert's vast potential as a source of water. He cantions, however, that this particular reserve is fossil water, and that because its ability to recharge itself is unknown it should be treated as a non-renewable resource and used sparingly.

Other scientists are also convinced there is much water to be found beneath Egypt's sea of

Dr. Kamal Hefny, director of the Institute of Ground Water Research, has just produced a map, based on satellite images, which reveals eight distinct aquifers. Egypt uses three billion cubic

metres of ground water a year. Dr. Hefny estimates the figure will increase to eight billion cubic metres, and much more when all regions are fully explored.

The belief that the waters of the Nile were a limitless resource was undermined after the decade of drought which devastated Sudan and Ethiopia began to

affect water levels behind Egypt's

giant Aswan Dam. With civil wars also raging inthe two Nile-basin partners, Egypt became acutely aware of its vulnerability to events at the distant sources of the river.

In the urgent search for alternative supplies, major ground water discoveries were made in Egypt before the advent of satellite imaging.

But the new technology can show with more precision where to look for water and cut the cost of exploration by up to 90 per cent, says Dr. Al-Baz. Drilling for water is cheaper and faster than building a dam or piping river water long distsances.

Though the desert is a hostile environment to conventional scientific and geological analysis, the region's lack of vegetation and cloud cover makes it ideal for effective remote sensing.

The use of ground water from the Western Desert has a long lineage: evidence points to the existence of an ancient irrigation system fed by deep wells. Egyptian and Dutch experts believe that nearly one million acres (400,000 hectares) of land were once made fertile thanks to water from the wells.

About 2,500 years later, scientists hope to repeat the ancient feat and find renewable sources of ground water to nourish sustainable development in the desert. - PANOS Features.

OPEC pact — milestone in Gulf oil scene

DUBAI - OPEC's new Iraqidriven output and price pact is a milestone in the Gulf oil scene and even broke Sandi Arabia's resistance to maintaining its fixed percentage of the group's output, oil analysts in the region said.

Nothing will be the same again," one oil industry analyst said. "Iraq's successful use of pressure tactics changed all

OPEC's biggest partner Saudi Arabia had until this agreement insisted on keeping 24.46 per cent share of the total OPEC ceiling. But under the new pact its share fell to 23.92 per cent, its individual. limit unchanged while the 13nation group's output ceiling was raised

The Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) oil ministers concluded an agreement last Friday in Geneva raising the group's price target to \$21 per barrel from \$18 and the output ceiling to 22.491 million barrels per day (bpd) from 22.086 million until December.

"Iraq effectively used the resentment of Saudi Arabia against its Gulf Arab allies (Kuwait and the United Arab Emirates) which were chronic overproducers," an oil indus-

He said as Iraci tactics managed to persnade the UAE and Kuwait to adhere to their quotas, Bachdad may have broken Riyadh's resistance to higher oil target prices and a lower share of the OPEC

Although the group's total ceiling has been raised, the new OPEC pact is expected to suck out around 800,000 bpd from the market due to pledged quota adherence by the UAE and Kuwait. This might push up oil prices currently around \$17 a barrel to the new target level by year-

Last week cash-strapped Iraq had accused the UAE and Kuwait of stabbing it in the back by overproducing and forcing down oil prices. The UAE opted to stay out of OPEC's quota system last year and Kuwait was pumping over its 1.5 million quota.

It also accused Kuwait of atracting oil from Iraqi territory and, according to Western diplomats, massed troops along the border. The two sides are due to start talks on the border problem in Jeddah-

on Sunday. Iraq's move to secure an

increase in oil prices and to stop quota-busting stemmed not only from its need for hard cash for post-war reconstruction, but also from difficulties it was facing in selling its lowquality crude in a glutted market, a problem shared by its

Gulf-war foe Iran. Irag's initial demand for a \$25 per barrel target price met resistance from some OPEC members such as Venezuela, which feared this might curb growth in the world oil de-

Gulf oil analysts believe Iraq's use of the military option in the OPEC game may have affected the following policies in the region:

 All Gulf states, which are planning billion dollar investments to grab a higher portion of an expected surge in the world demand in the next decade, will have to re-evaluate .their .schemes_ taking into account OPEC's future target prices which might alter world demand structure. -

 Saudi Arabia and Kuwait. which have so far preferred soft or relatively lower oil prices due to their retail business in Europe and the United States will have to adjust their crude and product balance in their supply structure to opti-

Congress proves reluctant to discipline its own

By Robert Green Reuter

WASHINGTON — Both houses of Congress proved this week their reluctance to discipline their own members after a senator violated finance regulations, and a congressman broke the rules to help a male prostitute and former

The Senate voted '96-0 on Wednesday to denounce Minnesota Republican David Durenberger for evading limits on outside income and claiming false expenses.

A day later, the House of Representatives reprimanded by a vote of 408-18 — but refused a call to expel — Massachusetts Democrat Barney Frank for using his influence to help a male prostitute who had been his lov-

Members of both chambers said they found the actions distasteful but necessary because the constitution gives them sole power to punish or even expel members for misconduct.

"The Senate's duty is clear." said Democratic Leader George Mitchell. "We owe it to this institution to uphold the standards of conduct and the rules we established for ourselves no matter at what personal discomfort." Most senators said they regretted punishing Durenberger but

felt they had no choice. The debate was more partisan

be censured because of the nature of the improprieties.

Representative Robert Dornan, a California republican, said Frank's conduct would have cost him his job in almost any other Durenberger and Frank both

said they had made mistakes and accepted their punishment. "I should have known better. Frank, a declared homosexual,

gate alleged misconduct and recommend punishment. was a thankless, unpleasant job. Reporters who covered Con-

"Anyone who wants my scatcan have it." Representative James Hansen, a republican committee member, said during the debate on Frank.

Durenberger was the first senator to face ethics charges since was forced to resign as chairman 1982 when Senator Harrison Wil- of the powrful ways and mean resigned rather than face expulsion for a bribery conviction.

The Senate has expelled 15 members in its history, 14 during the civil war for supporting the confederate states and another in 1797 for treason. It has censured. condemned or denounced nine others for financial or personal misconduct.

Only four house members have been expelled, three during the

in the House where some republicativil war. Another 23 were cencans said Frank should resign or sured and seven, including Frank, reprimanded.

The increased emphasis on conduct stems from the 1978 ethics in Government Act passes after the Watergate scandal that increased financial reporting standards for members of congress and government officials and limited outside income members can earn for speaking fees.

It comes at a time when senators and representatives find themselves under greater press-Both the House and Senate are to raise more money for have ethics committees to investi- television commercials and other campaign expenses as well as for their family needs.

> gress used to look the other way when they saw members who were drunk or misbehaving. But that changed in 1974 when representative Wilbur Mills' fling with an exotic dancer became public. Mills, an arkansas democrat,

liams, a New Jersey democrat, committee that writes tax laws, and soon retired. Two years later, Representative Wayne Hays, an Ohio democrat, resigned after aide Elizabeth Ray, on his payroll as a secretary,

> The 1980 "abscam" scandal, in which FBI agents posed as wealthy Arabs trying to bribe members of congress, cost six house members their seats.

said she was paid to have sex with

Cairo, Amman outline moves

(Continued from page 1)

implementation of a decision taken by the Arab Cooperation Council (ACC) summit in Alexandria in June

The national airlines in the two countries will make arrangements for facilitating the transfer of funds accrued in Amman and Cairo from profits and revenues on air transport operations and the national airlines will purchase all their needs from either country with local currency.

The committee voiced satisfaction

with the level of cooperation in these fields and the programme for 1989, 1990 and 1991 as agreed on last year and recommended further facilities for Jordanians studying in Egyptian universities and extending the deadline for accepting Egyptian students in Jordanian universities until the first week of September. They agreed to study an agreement that would pre-vent dual taxation on teachers working in any of the two countries.

The committee will pursue efforts

to complete a microwave network linking Taba with Aqaba and will pursue cooperation in radio and television programmes. The two sides will organise meet-

ings by specialists to promote tourism and carry out joint ventures. They will also provide further travel facilities for tourists from either country at touristic sites.

The two sides will examine the

prospects of launching joint flights to carry tourists to Aqaba and southern Sinai and will cooperate in training personnel employed in the tourism training in pharmaceuticals and to

exempt from customs duty all phar-

maceutical products and medical ap-

pliances and to register medicines

produced by either country. The two sides will continue ex-change of visits by officials for consultations on organising the labour markets and the employment of workers. They will finalise procedures concerning the social security and compensation for workers employed in either country. They will also exchange publications and in-

to workers and their compensation and vocational train

The committee called for a meeting by a joint consular committee as soon as possible to study matters related to Egyptian and Jordanian nationals living in either country. Recommendations in this matter will be submitted to the higher committee as its next meeting to be held in January 1991.

Jeddah talks (Continued from page 1)

Sheikh Saad Al Abdallah Al Sabah, who is also prime minister, would lead Kuwait's delegation to the talks.

But Abdul Rahman Al Awadi. minister of state for cabinet affairs, said after the scheduled cabinet meeting that Saudi Arabia, as the host country, would decide on the date and venue of the proposed talks.

Kuwait was awaiting news, he

Awadi said Kuwait hoped the Jeddah taiks "will be a step towards reaching a just and final solution to all outstanding issues and problems between the two countries."

The cabinet meeting was chaired by Sheikh Saad who with the emir of Kuwait, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah, met PLO leader Yasser Arafat earlier on Sunday - the latest Arab leader to try to mediate in the Iraq-Kuwait dispute.

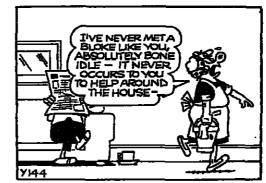
The confrontation began nearly two weeks ago when Iraqi President Saddam Hussein accused Kuwait of wrecking Iraq's economy with excess oil production and encroaching on the border to steal \$2.4 billion in oil.

Some tension eased this week due to a new agreement among OPEC members to respect production quotas to reach a target price of \$21 per barrel, \$3 higher than the previous target.

Mutt'n'Jeff



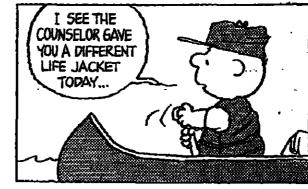
Andy Capp







Peanuts





Questioning vs accountability

By Sahar Qara'een Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Against the backdrop of elected representatives of the people trying every trick in the book to "monitor and scrutinise" every move of the appointed executive branch since December, some of the main questions that have sprung up are: are the elected representatives themselves subject to any monitoring or scrutiny? Are there any foolproof ways to ensure that they live up to the expectations of the people? How close are they to the pulse of the people who gave them the seat of power? Are they immune against criticism from day one of being elected to the day when their term runs out?

A seminar held here last week sought to answer some of these questions. The debate. attended by an academician -Jordan University Vice-President Adnan Bakhit - and Amman Deputy Taher Al Masri and Balqa Deputy Fawzi Tu'eimeh, revolved around ways to improve the work and efficiency of parliamentarians. As it emerged, the three agreed that the best party to monitor the people's representatives was the people

At the same time, it was also underlined that every deputy should follow a self-evaluation process to draw a self-imposed barrier and define their work within the rules and rights given to them by law.

The participants in the seminar agreed that the citizens have the absolute right to question and judge the deputy's performance and stressed that the final judge in this process of evaluation is the deputy's conscience and deeds.

Dr. Bakhit suggested that deputies should be "questionable" rather than "accountable to any party" in the absence of legally recognised political parties. As a first step Dr. Bakhit suggested that all slogans that were raised during the election campaign be collected, documented and kept by the General Secretariate of Parliament in order to enable it to study the important issues which are considered to be of great concern to Jordanians. Such studies should also aim at getting aquainted with the candidates' awareness of the country's real capabilities to realise the promises made in the election slogans," he said.

Dr. Bakhit said the questioning process should take place on various levels:

On the electorate level, he suggested that the Kingdom be divided into electorate zones equal to the number of deputies and that the process of individual and collective questioning be encouraged by nonofficial institutions such as syndicates, clubs, societies, schools, etc. The questioning should focus on the most important national issues and the deputy has to present working plans to any suggested project, taking into consideration feasibility and financing so as to share part of the government's responsibilities and "to shift from the slogans phase into the scientific and objective phase and practical deeds."

On the local administrative level, such as municipalities and rural councils, the questioning process, as suggested by Dr. Bakhit, should take place through discussions over these institutions' plans among the deputies and the target constituency. Since the government suffers a deficit in its budget, the great challenge facing the deputies is repre-sented in finding ways to provide financial liquidity, experi-ence and technical and practical support needed for projects suggested in their constituencies, Dr. Bakhit argued. "This. will enable deputies to shift from a demand-oriented party into a full-fledged contributor to the construction of the Kingdom's internal structure. according to Dr. Bakhit.

On the mass media level, Dr. Bakhit stressed the importance of the local as well as Arab press as an effective means in the process of questioning about basic issues in the country. "This makes it necessary for mass media to shift immediately from the phase of reporting to the phase of study, research and investigation" so as to dig out facts

and make them available for the deputies and the public alike. The media should do that through turning into a platform for specialised scholars, intellectuals and legal experts to publish their opinions and contemporary issues." Dr. Bakhit said.

In addition to these procedures. Dr. Bakhit stressed that the questioning process should emanate from within the parliamentary political blocs.

The importance of using research findings while preparing scientific referential studies on major issues tackled by Parliament was another key point tackled in Dr. Bakhit's presentation to the debate. The official apparatus, including the government, could be an efficient tool in providing deputies with accurate information which necessitates laying down legislation to provide information, Dr. Bakhit said. Furthermore, he emphasised the role of scientific institutions, research centres and universities in questioning deputies through analytical studies of the deputies' performance, the results of which have to be made available to the deputies and the public.

Deputy Masri emphasised that the questioning process in a democratic country on the way to political pluralism should be political and moral rather than legal or constitutional. However, Masri expressed dissatisfaction that Jordan, unlike other democratic countries, has not reached the period of political pluralism where parties compete with each other through political, economic and social platforms by which the candidates feel committed to their objectives and in which case accountability and questioning is not directed to a single deputy but to the party as a whole. Nonetheless, he did not ignore the deputy's responsibility for providing his area with the required services and for his personal behaviour and interaction with his electorate.

According to Masri, "most of the Jordanians, conservatives and centralists in particular, are not party oriented. This, he said, is an unhealthy phenomenon that necessitates taking quick moves in the direction of political pluralism.

Masri, a former foreign minister, said the process of deputies' accountability and questioning should take place on two levels:

Judging a deputy through his practices, stands, and contribution towards solving his country's problems during his term in office as well as through his intellectual, political and lead-

ership capabilities. Judging the success or failure of a deputy from the outcome of the next elections.

Masri, however, emphasised that in addition to the citizen's right to question a deputy, "all anthorities, executive and legislative, mass media and educated people share the responsibility of providing the deputies and the public with objective and accurate information."

Deputy Tu'eimeh, a profressor in psychology, stressed on defining a mechanism for questioning the deputies since, he said, they are constitutionally accountable to the voters.

"The Parliament is a part of a balanced constitutional formuia which controls the country," he said. What keeps this formula balance "is a dynamic continuous complementary process of questioning directed from the legislative body towards the executive body but originating from the citizens."

While Tu'eimeh stressed the important role of the mass media, he was harshly critical of it for what he described its failure to produce in-depth investigative reporting and research work. He also referred to "the mandate over the media by the power magnates who manipulate the press to their favour." He did not give

examples of those powers. After criticising unnamed fellow deputies for seeking "short-term trivial cases and for biases and narrow affiliations," Tu'cimeh agreed with Dr. Bakhit and Masri that the best mechanism for a sound accountability to deputies is through the restoration of political parties, banned in the Kingdom since 1957.

Palestinians stage strike

(Continued from page 1)

Was a centre of incitement. Sunday's army closure orders were served by police as Palestimans in Arab Jerusalem and the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip observed a general strike to mark the tenth anniversary of Israel's formal "annexation" of Arab Jerusalem.

Palestinians said Sunday's strike, called by the Unified Leadership of the Uprising, closed down most activities. There were no reports of serious Israeli-Palestinian clashes. The strike followed Saturdy

bombing on a Tel Aviv beach, in which a 17-year-old Canadian girl was killed and 18 other people were wounded. Police detained eight Arabs for questioning.
The pipe-bomb blast killed Mar-

ni Kimmelman, an 17-year-old from Toronto. Hospitals released 18 sunbathers wounded by the bomb but admitted an Arab hit over the head in one of several attacks by revenge-seeking Israelis. Police said the eight suspects came from the West Bank and

Gaza Strip. It was the first fatal bombing in

PLO: Shamir dropped proposal

(Continued from page 1) peace conference to be attended by

Israel and Arab states without the

"There will be no peace, no stability and no security in the region if they (the Israelis) continue their attempts to go around the PLO,"
Arafat told a Baghdad news confer-

Arafat attacked Israel's plans to build more houses for Jews in Arab Jerusalem, which he said would make Palestinians a minority in the city. Referring to a U.S. decision last

month to halt dialogue with the PLO because it refused to condemn a guerrilla raid on Israel by a Palestinian faction, Arafat said all terrorism should be condemned.

"Why doesn't the U.S. take any

action or stand against the daily (Israeli) state terrorism directed against Palestinian women, children and elderly people?" he said.

Arafat said he did not want a

many years on a Tel Aviv beach and took place on the Sabbath

No group claimed responsibil-

ity. Police denied any link to a

foiled scaborne raid by Palesti-

The attack was the most se-

tious on Israelis since a pie bomb

in a Jerusalem market killed a

72-year-old Israeli and wounded

Saturdy's home-made bomb

was hidden in a beach bag placed

between two chairs near a life-

guard station. It blew up around

2.30 p.m., spraying shrapnel into the legs of bathers. One of the

suspects was seen fleeing at the

Police dispersed hundreds of

incensed Israelis who shouted "bash their heads" at Arabs.

They pounced on Palestinians in

cars bearing licence plates from

the occupied territories and in a

hotel where Arab labourers live.

iured seven Arabs, prompted

condemnations from Israeli

Tel Aviv Mayor Shlomo Laht

said: "We can't behave in this

wild and barbaric way. One can-

not jump on a man because he is

politicians and police alike.

an Arab and beat him."

The revenge attacks, which in-

nians in May.

nine in May.

"dialogue of the deaf" with Washing-ton. "If there is to be a dialogue it must be at a higher level," he said. On Friday a U.S. Jewish leader made public a letter to him from Arafat in which the PLO leader pledged to continue working for

Arafat also called for an end to fighting in Lebanon between two rival Shi'ite militias, the Syrian-backed Amai and pro-Iranian Hizbollah (Party of God). Security sources in Lebanon said

Palestinian guerrillas were fighting alongside Amal in clashes with Hiz

Trinidad revolt

(Continued from page 1) Madeira said.

Madeira said Abu Bakr's rebels and the government were continuing their negotiations at the parliament building over terms of an amnesty demanded by the Muslims. The rebels stormed the televi-

sion station and the parliament building Friday night, firing automatic weapons and taking the

prime minister and several cabinet members hostage. An explosion also struck police headquarters. The rebels accused the government of corruption and drug-dealing and claimed to have overthrown it

The government denied it had fallen. Its radio reported sporadic gunbattles since Friday, including a gunbattle late Saturday after reports of a settlement first were announced.

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Ibrahim Thiagarmin: In the first photo Ibrahim was 14 years old and unable to use his hands or his legs. The second photo shows

One-man crusade for children

By Saeda Kilani Special to the Jordan Times

OVER the years I have watched helplessly as so many supporters just gave up. The price the Palestinian cause has paid for the unanswered letters and appeals for help and information can never be assessed... there is always a limit of endurance and patience and there comes a time when the human spirit rebels or gives

Since his first visit to Morocco in 1952, after he had witnessed the suffering of children from serious diseases, British national Reg Cleaver, 76 years old, has set forth to dedicate his life to the help of children: the poor, needy and helpless. Cleaver's motives may be due to the World War II's adversities, and to the sufferings he has witnessed in many regions in the world which are the outcome of poverty, ignorance and warfare.

In 1971, after several visits to Morocco, Cleaver encountered a 14-year-old child, Ibrahim Thigarmin, who was hardly able to use his hands or his legs. Like many other children in Morocco, Ibrahim had fallen the victim of polio which crippled him for 12 years. Several months later, Cleav-

er brought Ibrahim to England to undergo medical treatment. With the help of the Moroccan government as well as the support of "Windsor" and "Paladin Boys" clubs, Ibrahim, now 30 years old, is able to lead a healthy, active life of his own.

Cleaver, the founder of the S OF MOTOCCO UT tion, has persevered in helping children in Morocco for nearly 30 years. The phenomenon of crippled children that crowded the pavements and streets in Morocco was perhaps what

mined to his noble objective: helping the unfortunate chil-

"Take a look at these pictures: the bruises, the broken limbs, the crippled hands and legs... and their looks in particular," said Cleaver, pointing out to some pictures of Moroccan miserable children around ten or eleven years of age, who have the looks of weary men in their thirties.

Not only in Morocco, but also in North Africa, has the aid of Cleaver been extended. His primary objective now, however, is the help of Palestinian orphan children who are the victims of the "terrible acts and atrocities" committed by Israelis.

"In 1948, at the time of the partition of Palestine, I protested that after a bloody World War of five years, which cost the lives of 50 million souls — to restore freedom and the right of self-determination to Czechoslovakia, Poland and other countries under Nazi occupation - and then take those same rights (which must be the very basic of all human rights) away from the Palestimians, was a gross injustice; I have never moved from that point of view," Cleaver said in interview with the Jordan Times in Amman last week. In letters he sent to the

British prime minister, the U.S. president, and to religious leaders and editors of papers and magazines, and through other means, Cleaver has tried to increase awareness, and raise funds for helpdescribes as the "terrible unreported atrocities and brutalities" the Israelis committed against the Palstinian Arabs. In a letter he sent to Mrs. Margaret Thatcher, he wrote:

doctors and lawyers, I have been taken to hospitals where some of the children, who have been the victims of unspeakable brutality by the Israeli military and the Shin Bet (Israel's internal security apparatus), were being cared for. I have seen children aged five, six, seven, and ten years suffering from terrible injuries. It is impossible that human beings can bring themselves to CATTY out such atrocities against small children."

On his frequent visits to the Arab World, Cleaver hears remarks about Western perceptions of the Arabs that shock him. "The idea that Westerners have a kind of hostility against the Arabs is totally wrong," he said. "The fact that Arabs do not understand the Western mind" which was to the advantage of the Israelis, is perhaps the major weakness of

the Arabs," he pointed out. "I believe there is an increasing belief in, and support in the West for, the Palestinian cause as well as for Arabs. Many people and associations have offered to help me and to sponsor many pro-Palestinians projects such as the amazing response I received when asking for a holiday for Palestinian deprived children," he told the Jordan Time in the interview This was particularly evident

in the response to Cleaver's letters from Mrs. Thatcher's minister of state who offered support and willingness to help the Palestinians. "We are impressed by your (Cleaver's) small group of Palestinian teenagers to England for a holiday in July," the minister's reply letter said. The letter went on to explain the difficulties that may arise in front of

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visas. However, the letter, a copy of which was made available to the Jordan Times, said that "we might be able to make an exception in this case so as to help you bring his project into fruition.'

Cleaver, who is secretary of the Conservative Friends of Palestine, is now in the process of establishing the "Palestinian Orphan Children's Trust." This group will provide specialised education for Palestinians, and training in a specific trade as well as a particular profes-

The trust will meet the cost of air fare and all medical expenses of a child needing operations or other treatment by specialists in London hospitals; and in special cases, the trust will meet the cost of holidays or convalescence for any child or children who benefit from the programme.

This trust, founded by Cleaver himself, has the support of many Britons and a number of sympathetic Arab nationals in Britain, Cleaver said. An appeal for support will be made to all beads of Arab states through the respective ambassadors in London, he added.

"I shall welcome enquiries from Jordanians and other people, and letters or donations may be sent to my address in England." remarked Cleaver. 'I shall also be looking for persons who are well known in public life to become patrons of the trust and suggestions will be welcome," he concluded. Cleav-

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Expatriates and Businessmen

GOODWILL GAMES

Soviet teen captures all-round gymnastics title

TACOMA, Washington (AP) — American Kim Zmeskal's bid for Goodwill Games gold collapsed early, and Soviet teenager Natalia Kalinina captured the allaround title Saturday night in women's gymnastics, including a perfect score in the vault.

The Soviets, who edged the United States for the team gold medal Friday, also took the silver medal with Olympian and current world champion Svetlana Bogins-

Kalinina, undaunted by the field of international talent, a partisan American crowd, or the challenge from her teammate Boginskaya, took the gold with a score of 39.836.

The 10.000 score on vault, the first flawless effort in two nights of women's competition, erased any chance Boginskaya had of catching her.

Boginskaya, at 17 near the end of a career that has produced an array of medals, including an Olympic gold in Seoul in the vault and the world title last year in Stuttgart, West Germany, took the silver with a score of 39.799. Henrietta Onodi of Hungary

won the bronze with 39.348. American Betty Okino, who also started slowly, rallied to finish fourth with 39.298 points. Zmeskal, getting her first taste of major international competi-

tion, finished sixth with 39.074 Boginskaya was substituted into the all-around lineup by the Soviet team officials despite a poor performance in the team

competition won by the Soviets Boginskaya finished Friday's events behind teammates Kalini-

Soviets replaced the 15-year-old Lisenko with the veteran Boginskaya. While the top 16 scorers from the team competition advance to the all-around finals, each nation is limited to two representatives.

Zmeskal, the 14-year-old national champion from Bela Karolyi's gym, fell while trying to execute a reverse somersault on the uneven bars - her first event of the night - and never reco-

She never approached the effort she displayed Friday, when she was the top individual scorer and did not score lower than 9.90 on any of the four events - floor exercise, vault, uneven bars and balance beam. Her score Friday, 39.661, would have been worth a bronze in the all-around.

Kalinina, the 16-year-old who is among the wealth of Soviet youngsters trying to succeed Boginskaya, never let up after opening with a 9.987 on the vault. She held the lead the rest of the way, with scores of 9.937 in the uneven bars, a 9.912 on the bars

and perfection on floor. Kalinina, who stands 1.42 metres, put on a dazzling floor routine. Her three tumbling passes were flawless, her energetic wiggling perfectly timed to the up-beat music and her grin infec-

"I realy didn't expect a 10," she said through an interpreter. "I think I performed well, but I've never had one before." The 10 for Kalinina, who

finished fourth at this year's Soviet National Championships, was the only one in two days of women's competition. Soviet

na and Tatiana Lisenko, but the Vitali Scherbo achieved perfection on the vault in men's com-

petition last weekend. Boginskaya, 17, was succinct in her assessment of the competi-

"I am very håppy with my performance, but it's up to the judges to decide everything," she Onodi's bronze was her best

result. She finished 20th at the 1989 World Championships. "There is not much interest in gymnastics in my country," said.

Onodi, 16. "But a few more (women) are coming up in the

U.S. beats Switzerland in hockey

The U.S. national team beat the Swiss, 7-1, in the first round of Goodwill Games hockey Saturdy.

Four of the U.S. goals and six assists were scored by players with Roston connections.

"They're just good hockey players," U.S. coach Jeff Sauer of the University of Wisconsin said of the Boston players. One U.S. line featured Boston

University teammates Joe Sacco. Shawn McEachern and Tony Amonte. Sacco had two goals, including the game winner, and both McEachern and Amonte assisted on each score. "Playing together for 42 games

really helped us a lot," Sacco said of the college season. "We know what the other player likes to do. We're really comfortable with each other out there."

Sauer said such experience is essential since the U.S. team has only been together a few weeks. nearly 10 minutes before Switzerland's Raymond Walder drove the puck past goalie Guy Hebert, a St. Louis Blues' draft choice, had stopped two Swiss shots in front before Walder netted a deflection. But Hebert shut the

door on the Swiss after that. "The American team was the better team for sure," said Swiss coach Hans Lindberg. "I was satisfied with the way we played, even if we lose."

Japan defeats U.S. in baseball

Kojiro Machida homered with one out in the bottom of the 14th inning, and Japan defeated the United States 7-6 Saturday in the Goodwill Games baseball tourna-

The victory improved Japan's record to 2-0. The United States fell to 1-1.

The U.S. team, which committed six errors, had tied the score in the ninth with a two-out double by Chris Gomez.

Japan loaded the bases in the 10th on three walks, including two that were intentional, but failed on a squeeze bunt attempt with one out. With two out, Japan reloaded the bases on another intentional pass, and U.S. relief pitcher Phillip Stidham got Hiroshi Narahara to

pop out. Stidham entered the game in the eighth and allowed only one run, the Machida homer.

Yoshitaka Mizuo pitched the final seven innings for Japan, allowing two runs on five hits. He walked five and struck out seven.

The U.S. team outhit Japan The game was scoreless for 14-13, but their sloppy fieldedresulted in two meanned runs.

> U.S. wrestlers stan Soviets

The U.S. free style wrestling team took their first major victory over the Soviet Union in 30 years in a controversial gold medal match at the Goodwill Games

The 17-13 win was in doubt for more than 30 minutes, while officials reviewed judges' decisions in two weight classes. South Korea won the bronze 20-18 over Bul-

The Soviets were upset over what they called prejudicial officiating in U.S. victories at 48 and 52 kilogrammes.

International Wrestling Federation officials reviewed videotapes of the matches before upholding the judges' decisions.

"Had we lost either of the protest they (Soviets) would have won the match," said USA wrestling official Greg Strobel. Soviet coach Ivan Yarygin was

particularly upset at Canadian Judge Mario Saletnig, who also headed the jury of appeals. "We thought some of the

dges were prejudiced, especially Mazio of Canada, who we think does not understand the rules of wrestling," Yarygin said through an interpreter. Yarygin twice charged the

table where wrestling officials were sitting to protest the judging and held up the competition for almost nine minutes before the start of the 100 kilogramme Particularly upsetting to the Soviets was American Zeke Jones's narrow victory over Sergei Zambalov at 52 kilogrammes.

Trailing 3-2 with 11 seconds remaining, Jones rolled Zambalov over for two match-winning

But the Soviets thought Jones's shoulder touched the mat on the move. They argued that either no points should have been scored or that both wrestlers should have scored two points, which would have negated the American's vic-

Instead the U.S. team won the first four matches and withstood Soviet victories in the heavier weight classes.

Olympic champions David Gobedjichvili and Arsen Fadzaev both won matches for the Soviets. Gobedjichvili won a 3-1 decision over U.S. silver medallist Bruce Baumgartner at heavyweight. and Fadzaev was awarded the 68 kilogramme title over Nate Carr when Carr was warned three times for stalling.

Boxing comebacks

It was a day of comebacks in the boxing ring at the Goodwill Games Saturday.

American flyweight Rudolph Bradley, responding to shouts of "Rudy, Rudy, Rudy" from the Seattle Centre arena crowd, battled back after taking two eightcounts in the first round to beat Cuban Raul Gonzales in their flyweight quarter-final.

Even more remarkable was the comeback of referee Keith Walker, returning to international connetition after an absence of nearly two years.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR MONDAY JULY 30, 1990 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: made to in your behalf after break-You're able to wind up whatever it is of a financial or material nature that has been taking your time and concentration as long as you keep very logical in your reasoning.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) You can wind up some issue that you have been working on at your home in the morning but later use much care not to get into expensive TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20)

Get important communications settled during the morning hours and in the evening make sure that you do nothing to which any family member can take objection. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Get

accounts, income and outlays, arranged in the morning, then you would be wise to use much care and caution in any communications

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) Do the things you perso-nsily have been putting off in the morning hours, then you will be able to spend time finding ways to trim your expenses.

LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Plan your days activities most carefully during the morning and then you can avoid some tensions and difficulties that could happen later in the day.

VIRGO: (August 22 to Septer 22) Whatever you have in saind of a confidential nature should be fast since later you have some annoying assignment to attend to. LIERA: (September 23 to October 22) Be worldly minded in activities in the morning and you get much accomplished while later you find that usually generous, good friends

can be dissappointing. SCORPEO: (October 23 to November 21) A new idea strikes you carry that should be taken advantage of right away as in the after-noon outside problems claim and absorb your attention.

SAGFITARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) Getting affairs straightened out with but sons is OK in the morning bet avoid temptation to run off from good pals to new persons in the

CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Whatever pertains to outside associations can be concluded in the morning in a well

rounded fashion, then forget a slight and be generous to all. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) Whatever you have in mind concerning work in future can be well organized during the morning while later don't let egotistical per-SOIL-get YOUT GOHL

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) You can use this day to improve your environmental surroundings while in the evening for some temporary pleasu

Senna wins German Grand Prix

HOCKENHEIM, West Germany (R) — Brazilian Ayrton Senna swept back to the top of the World Drivers' Championship Sunday when he won the West German Grand Prix motor race.

Senna, driving a McLaren, triumphed for the third successive year at the long 6.797-kms circuit after a mid-race battle with Italian Alessandro Nannini's Benet-

The win lifted Senna ahead of his old rival and defending world champion Alain Prost of France at the head of the title race. Senna now has 48 points and Prost, who finished fourth in his Ferrari, has 44 points.

It was the Zath victory career for Senna and enabled him to draw level with Argentina's Juan Manuel Fangio in the list of all time Formula One victors.

Senna's victory, in a time of one hour 20 minutes and 47.164 seconds, ended Prost's streak of three successive wins in Mexico.

France and Britain and reasserted the McLaren team's position as leaders in the Constructors' Championship. Nannini, who led from the 18th

to the 34th lap of the 45-lap race, finished second just two seconds ahead of Senna's McLaren teammate Austrian Gerhard Berger. Berger closed the gap on Nan-

nini for much of the second half of the race but was unable to catch him before the chequered Prost cruised home fourth,

quite content to collect three more points towards his title defence, ahead of Italian veteran Riccardo Patrese who was fifth and his Williams team-mate Thierry Boutsen who finished

The race was run in very hot and humid conditions and only 11 of the 26 starters were classified

Boutsen, after a mid-race change of tyres, set a new race lap

record for the circuit when he clocked a time of one minute and 45.602 seconds, eclipsing the re-cord set by Briton Nigel Mansell in a Williams in 1987 by one-tenth of a second.

Mansell, who has said he will quit motor racing at the end of the season, was forced to retire in his Ferrari after 15 laps. He collected some debris on the circuit and it damaged the undertray of his car and part of his front wing.

The race began in the expected style with Sonna leading the way from his pole position ahead of Berger and Prost with Mansell, Patrese and Boutsen behind.

A starting line-up accident when Italian Emanuele Pirro in a Dallara collided with Frenchman Phillipe Alliot's Ligier.

Pirro tried to squeeze through between two other cars and span. In the collision his car lost a rear wheel and it flew up and struck him on the head.

Comaneci 'was held captive' by man who helped her defect

Romanian gymnastics star Nadia Comaneci has said she was held captive for three months by the. man who helped her defect to the West last December and was falsely portrayed as her lover.

In her first extensive interview concerning her relationship with Constantin Panait, Comaneci also said the Romanian carpenter had taken \$150,000 she earned in appearances throughout the United States following her defec-

Comaneci, in Seattle for the Goodwill Games, when asked if Panait had threatened or physically abused her, she replied, "he was not so good with me." Comaneci escaped Romania shortly before the fall of Com-

munist dictator Nicolae Ceausescu, who was executed last Dec. 25 during a popular uprising. Comaneci said Panait was returned to his family and now lives in Florida. He has tried to con-

tact her only once since last March. Panait could not be reached for comment Saturday. "I can't say that I hate him and I can't say that I like him," she said. "He helped me escape from Romania. The money does not mean anything because I have the

freedom." Comaneci said Panait fled with \$150,000 she had earned on her tour of the United States three days after they arrived in Montreal last February to visit Alexandru Stefu, a friend of Comane-

title by

knockout

TOKYO (AP) - Leopard Tama

kuma of Japan won the World

Boxing Association (WBA) flyweight title Sunday, beating Yul Woo Lee of South Korea by

a technical knockout in the 10th

round of a scheduled 12-round

The knockout came two mi-

nutes and 21 seconds into the

10th round of the fight. Referee

Enzo Montero of Venezuela

stopped the fight when Lee was

knocked into a sitting position against the ropes before 6,000

spectators at the Mito Peoples

Gymnasium in Mito, 100

kilometres northeast of Tokyo.

In the decisive 10th round,

Tamakuma landed a flurry of

punches. Lee was rocked by left

and right blows by Tamakuma and

went down to a sitting position for the first time. After Lee got

up, Tamakuma ended the battle,

again hitting the defenseless Lee

with right and left combinations.:

his first desence of the title

The 23-year-old Lee, making

succeeded in stepping in close from the opening round and man-

aged to score from time to time,

SEATTLE (AP) - Former ci's former Romanian coach, Bela Karolyi.

Stefu said he sought out Comaneci at the request of Karolyi, who became concerned after hearing Comaneci did not want to meet her former coach.

"Bela told me he thought Nadia had the problem," said Stefu.

Comaneci, who won eight medals in the 1976 Montreal Olympics and became the first gymnast to score a perfect score in the games, drew nagative press in the United States while in the company of Panait, a married ci. however, denied there was any romantic involvement on her part and that she joined Panait only after he offered to help her

escape from Romania. She said Panait was paid \$5,000 to help her escape and the two crossed the border into Hungary at midnight on Nov. 25, 1989. After being detained briefly by Hungarian police, they were re-

The couple arrived in New York on Nov. 28 and became an. immediate media attraction. Comaneci said from the time she joined Panait, he dictated her every move.

"He didn't let anyone near me," Comaneci said. "He told me all the time what I must say." Commeci said she met Panait at a family party-a week before she defected and had not known him for a year, as she initially

"I said I knew him for one year because he said it would be better for me to get the visa if I declared that," Comaneci said. "He told me also to declare that I don't want to come back in gymnastics or to see my former coach, Bela Karolyi."

Comaneci said she had no one else to turn to in the United States or Canada and had no way of contacting Karolyi.

"I didn't know nobody, I was like a stranger and didn't know my rights," she said. "He told me all the time that if I don't say what he said, he would send me Dack to Komania

"I read the papers and knew that I had a negative press for the first time in my life. But I. couldn't fight against this. I couldn't find somebody to explain the truth because I was

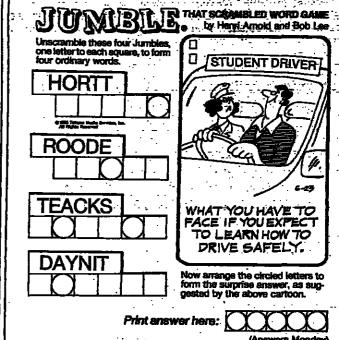
Stefu, who now serves as Comaneci's personal manager, said he contacted Panait in Los Angeles and asked to meet with Nadia. Stefu said he told Panait he could arrange a major contract for Comaneci.

Comaneci said she did not regret leaving Romania, despite the problems she encountered at the bands of Panait.

"I don't regret," she said. "Because my dream was to live in a free country. I wanted to come in the States because the life had started to be very hard in Romania. Not just for me, but for all the people."

THE BETTER HALF. By Harris HARRIS 6-25

"Harriet, can I borrow some money? I'm a little short today.



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Biasion wins Argentine Rally Japanese takes WBA BUENOS AIRES (R) — Lancia's Massimo Biasion of Italy, after winning his third Argentine rally Saturday, said it was next to

champion driver this season and take three world titles in a row. Biasion, world champion in 1988 and 1989, is third in this season's standings, 31 points behing Toyota's Carlos Sainz of Spain, who finished second in the 2.118-kilometre: Argentine Rally. "(It) is practically impossible

that I will end up as champion this year," said Biasion in a news conference after the race in Cordoba, a city 800 kilometres north west of Buenos Aires, local news agencies reported.

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WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

Q.1—Both vulnerable, as South you: **±KJ8** ♥19863 ♦ A5 **±**Q1074 Partner opens the bidding with one heart. What do you respond?

Q-2-As South, vulnerable, you

♦ AKQ64 ♥ A19832 ♦ Void ♣ AK9

What is your opening bid? Q-3-As South, vulnerable, you **♦AQ106 ♥KJ62 ◊J7 ♣J83** The bidding has proceeded: North East South West 10 DЫ

Q.4-As South, vulnerable, you **♦K104** ♥A92 ♦QJ92 **♣AK10**

What action do you take?

The bidding has proceeded: North East South West

Pass 3 NT Pass What do you bid now?

Q.5—As South, vulnerable, you hold: **±1098** ♥KQ4 ♥K7 **±AJ95**4 The bidding has proceeded: North East South Pass 3 ♥ ? Pass 3 ♡ What action do you take?

Q.6-As South, vulnerable, you ±1098 ♥KQ4 ♦K7 ±AJ954 The bidding has proceeded: North East Pass 3 ♥ Dbi Pass What action do you take?

THE Daily Crossword by Stanley B. Whitten Jones" 10 Potter's stuff 14 Cloth from Polynesia 16 in person 17 Algerian port 18 Direction sign 19 Bills 20 Old Dominion 22 Exact 24 Organic compound 25 Get 'sm, Fido! 27 Confuse 30 — judicete 32 Column part 34 Disencumbers 37 Lake near Carson City 39 Force 40 Cuckoo fa member 41. Soviet cooperative 42 Poetry: abbr. 43 Unmistakable 45 Dig or rad 46 Contradict

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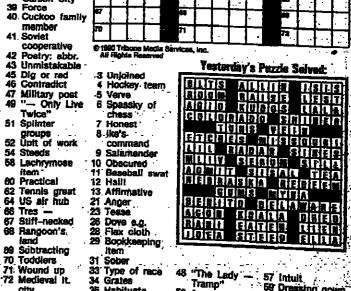
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Contractors seek government help

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter. AMMAN — The decline of the value of the Jordanian dinar and rising material costs have taken a heavy toll on the Kingdom's contractors and this important sector of the national economy could be hard-hit if the government does not extend immediate support, according to the Jordanian. Contractors Association

The overall problems plaguing the sector have been further exacerbated by the li-quidation of Petra Bank, which had furnished hundreds of guarantees to government de-partments on behalf of contractors and extended financing facilities in the course of contract execution, according to ICA President Awni Al Saket.

The association has sent a memorandum to the prime minister pointing out that little has been done to fulfil a govcomment promise made in early 1989 to compensate contractors to make up for the difference in costs of imported material as a result of the devaluation of the Jordanian dinar. The memorandum also appeals to the government to include contracts worth less than JD 20,000 in its pledge of compensation.

The petition, sent by Saket on behalf of the association, asserts that at least 208 contracting companies have gone out of business as a result of a combination of "losses suffered as a result of the devaluation of the dinar, rising prices and lack of liquidity from government delays in settling pay-

The association has been seeking further government compensation as promised after some contractors received partial payment in line with the pledge since late last year. Ali Abu Ragheb, then president of the association, said in February this year that part of the problem resulted from the resignation of the minister of housing and public works in September last year to run for parliamentary elections. "The issue of compensation for contractors-was postponed after the minister resigned; Abu

Ragheb told the Jordan Times. The association, which in theory represented over 800 contractors, had dwindled to ont 350 when it held its general elections in April this year, and this has further gone down to

about 250, Saket told the Jordan Times, "Many of them are facing liquidity problems," he

In his memorandum to the prime minister, Saket, who assumed the association's presidency in April 1990, asserts that at least 52 more contractors will be forced to go out of business in the next few months unless the government moved to extend help. Double the number could leave the sector in 1991, according to the

The memorandum says that the contractors association, working in cooperation with the Ministry of Housing and Public Works, has found that the difference between the contract value and actual costs amounted to at least JD 2.5

This is only a fraction of the actual losses" of the contractors, says the memo. "But government settlement of this amount will act as an incentive (to contractors) and reaffirm the importance of the sector and the support that the government extends to it," it said.

The memorandum recalls that in late 1988 the then government had pledged that all contracts undertaken during Oct. 15 and Nov. 1, 1988, when the actual devaluation of the dinar is seen as having officially gone into effect in terms of prices - will be given compensation. But it points out that "prices continued their rise after that date and doubled in many cases."

The government had excluded contracts worth less than JD 20,000 from the compensation pledge, but the memo pointed out that over half the number of Jordanians contractors operated on smallscale and their contracts were worth less than JD . 20,000. By the same token, they were among the worst-hit. by the decline in the dinar and rise in prices, the petition said adding that the association estimates that the total amount of compensation for small-scale contractors would not be more than JD 200,000. It called on the government to settle this

Another point made in the memo is a call for extension of contract durations without any adverse impact on the contractors. Such a measure, the association said, will help many problems. Finally, the association is

calling for an amendment to



Awni Al Saket

the standard government contract terms, particularly article 70, which is related to foreign

A fresh problem to hit many contractors, according to Saker, is the adverse impact of the liquidation of Petra Bank, which had furnished dozens of guarantees and performance bonds to the government on behalf of contractors. Saket estimates that around 20 to 25 contractors - "10 per cent of the active members of the association" -- are facing trouble now since the concerned government departments are demanding fresh guarantees.

"Many contractors had based their contract performances on finance available from Petra Bank, and now that the bank is under liquidation they also face liquidity problems,' Saket said

According to an informed economist, "most of the contractors affected by the Petra Bank liquidation appear to be debtors to the bank. So, the problem is not as simple as it appears on the surface."

The economist, speaking to the Jordan Times on condition of anonymity, said: "The Central Bank has guaranteed the deposits of Petra Bank but not guarantees furnished by Petra Bank. Those who might have put up the minimum required percentage of the value of bank guarantee could have done so under overdraft facilities on a different account. Again, this would mean it was the bank's money which was used and is owed to the bank by the account holder."

No Central Bank official was immediately available for comment. It was reported that Mohammad Asfour, chairman of the Federation of Jordanian Chambers of Commerce, had met with CBJ officials to discuss the general impact of Pet-ra Bank liquidation on the commercial sector, including who may have issued local letters of credit through Petra

Market forces crippling Nigerian manufacturers

By Tunde Obadina Reuter

LAGOS - Nigerian manufacturers are pleading with the government to review a four-year-old, International Monetary Fund (IMF)-backed economic reform programme which they say is bleeding them dry.

"We cannot accept wholesale these IMF prescriptions. It's not getting us anywhere... the shock therapy has been crippling," said Oladapo Fafowora, managing director of the Manufacturers Association of Nigeria.

The military government in-

July 1986 embarked on policies of deregulation, devaluation and trade liberalisation to try to restore an economy battered by collapsed oil earnings, an overvalued local currency, import dependency and debt. Finance Minister Olu Falae

met Nigeria's commercial bank creditors in London this week to try to win a reprieve on some debt to free cash for local produc-The IMF reforms have stoked

inflation, driven interest rates up as high as 30 per cent and slashed the exchange value of the naira to almost an eighth of its 1985 level. Critics say the measures have

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devastated industries, decimated the purchasing power of fixed income workers and rendered Nigeria a victim of an IMF design to sap the economy of an estimated \$32 billion owed to foreign

Such criticisms, voiced by political opponents of the five-yearold military government as well as by industrialists and trade unionists, do not surprise Nigeria's President Ibrahim Babangida

said in June that his administration had by its "headlong" approach to economic restructuring "unwittingly... stepped upon the toes of virtually all constituencies in the country since But he maintains that the short

term pains of economic adjustment would produce long term benefits for sub-Saharan Africa's biggest economy. Babangida's optimism appears

to be supported by central bank figures which show that Nigeria's gross domestic product (GDP) rose by 4.1 per cent last year compared with 1.2 per cent in 1985, the year preceding the start of the IMF structural adjustment programme.

But central bank figures also

show manufacturing output rose only 2.2 per cent in 1989 compared with 19.2 per cent in 1985. Manufacturers' leader Fafo-wora told Reuters that the sector would either continue to decline

or at best stagnate. "I don't see any improvements in the industrial sector in the next three or four years."

Rising production costs have reduced average capacity utilisa tion to less than 30 per cent and forced many businesses to fold, particularly small firms, he said. Firms relying on locally avail-

able raw materials have done much better than those depending on imports, and the government says this vindicates its policy of encouraging local sourcing.

It has shown little sympathy for manufacturers it says consume a much higher proportion of foreign exchange than they contribute to GDP. But the manufacturers say commercial traders who thrive on unfettered liberalisation squander far more hard currency than they do.

Many analysts and businessmen say it is suicide for an underdeveloped economy trying to build a solid production base to rely on indiscrimate free market

General Electric reports developing unique gems

NEW YORK (R) — General In addition, the new diamond Electric (G.E.) Co. has said its crystals are expected to open new scientists have grown unique design frontiers for manufacturers synthetic diamonds with unex- of high-power lasers, used in a pected properties, including the range of applications from weldability to function as the world's best conductors of heat.

A G.E. subsidiary, G.E. Superabrasives based in Worthington, Ohio, will manufacture and market the gem-quality crystals initially to manufacturers involved in electronics, lasers and

The potential market for the new

diamonds, which weigh up to one carat apiece, is \$50 million to \$100 million a year, General Electric said. The crystals are the first man-

ed almost totally a form of carbon known as Carbon-12, it said. At room temperature the crystals can conduct heat up to 50 per

made diamonds to have compris-

cent more efficiently than natural diamonds, until now the best transmitters of heat, G.E. said.

ing operations to drilling holes in

tough alloys, the company said. The new gems are 1,000 per cent more resistant than mined diamonds to damage from highpower lasers, it said.

The performance of the diamond crystals came as a surprise even to their inventors.

"It's as if you went into a high-jump competition hoping to slightly beat the world's record by going a few inches over eight feet and came away with a jump of 12 feet," Walter Robb, senior vice president for research and development, said.

The crystals are produced by a two-step process invented by G.E. scientists which takes about a week, Robb said. It combines the oldest method of diamondmaking, the high-pressure process, with the newest, a chemical vapour-based process.

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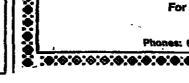
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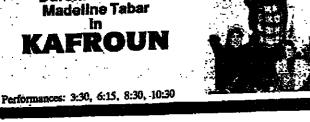
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Thousands flee Monrovia as rival rebels advance on Doe

hungry and frightened civilians are streaming out of the Liberian capital Monrovia where a threesided civil war is lurching to bloody climax.

Two rival groups of rebels are pushing towards the heavily defended executive mansion to finish off President Samuel Doc. Diplomats fear that when they

have done so they may start fighting among themselves.

Charles Taylor, the leader of the 15,000-strong mainstream National Patriotic Front of Liberia (NPFL), has already declared himself president of a new interim government. He says Doe will not be allowed to flee the country and will be blasted into submission if he refuses to sur-

render. But on Saturday night a Reuter correspondent behind rebel lines said Taylor only controlled the eastern outskirts of the capital. Another Reuter correspondent in Monrovia said rebels fighting

government troops in the city

centre were from a rival group led

by Prince Johnson. Johnson's band of fighters, believed to number only a few hundred, has fought its way into past 10 days.

After seizing the port and industrial area, his force surged across bridges Friday into the city

This is situated on an eight kilometre long peninsula, bounded by the Mesurado River on one side and the Atlantic Ocean on

By Saturday night Johnson's forces controlled the tip of the peninsula and were advancing down it towards the seafront mansion where Doe is holed up with several hundred soldiers preparing for a bloody fight to the

Taylor's forces blocked Doe's escape on the landward side of the peninsula near the now unusable Spriggs Payne Airstrip.

Thousands of civilians poured out of Monsovia Saturday to escape the fighting. They were encouraged to do so by Taylor's radio station, which appealed to the city's 500,000 population to move into captured areas.

Five European ambassadors said in a statement Saturday that Liberia was sliding into "anarchy

and national spicide." There are also fears of a blood-

men, who constitute the backbone of Taylor's and Johnson's rebel forces, seek revenge on Doe's Krahn tribe, which dominates the army.

The Italian ambassador suggested Saturday that the United States should seriously consider intervention.

The United States has a naval task force with 2,000 Marines on board cruising off the coast of Liberia, U.S. officials insist it is only there to evacuate American citizens if necessary.

The jungle-covered West African state was founded by freed U.S. slaves in 1847 and has traditionally maintained close ties with

Taylor, a 42-year-old U.S.trained economist, has said he wants to retain those links and promote private investment in

He declared the formation of a new government in a radio broadcast Friday and promised to hold free elections within six months.

On Saturday, he held out the prospect of reconciliation with Johnson, his former close col-

eague. The Christian radio station

ABIDJAN (R) - Thousands of Monrovia from the north over the bath if the Gio and Mano tribes- Elwa, which after several weeks of silence has resumed broadcasting under rebel control, quoted Taylor as saying the differences between himself and Johnson had been "blown out of proportion". Taylor was prepared to ease ten-

sion with his rival, it added. Johnson, a former army captain, was one of the 150 guerrillas who crossed into Liberia from Ivory Coast with Taylor last De-

cember to launch the rebellion. The two men later fell out and Johnson formed an independent group which has frequently attacked Taylor's forces.

Despite the differences in the rebel camp, time is running out for Doe, a 38-year-old former ergeaint who seized power in a bloody coup 10 years ago. He has repeatedly turned down

country, vowing instead to fight Diplomats say Doe is a virtual hostage of his Krahn soldiers. who fear for their own lives if he

U.S. offers to help him leave the

leaves the country without them. Discipline among his troops has collapsed. During the monthlong siege of Monrovia they have been looting shops and houses and killing civilians at random.

Armenian parliament suspends Gorbachev decree

MOSOW (R) - Armenia's par- armed groups in Armenia. liament has defied Soviet In neighbouring Georgia, au-President Mikhail Gorbachev by voting to suspend a presidential decree demanding the disarming of all militant groups within 15 days, a nationalist group there'

said Sunday. Shavarsh Kocharyan, who represents the Armenian National Movement, said the Armenian parliament voted late Saturday by. a wide margin to suspend the decree in the small Soviet republic bordering Turkey.

The decree, issued last week, was aimed primarily at the many

thorities began evacuating several hundred of the 25,000 train travellers stranded by protesters who have blocked rail lines to press for registration of political

The Soviet Rail Ministry appealed to the Interior Ministry and the KGB security service to help end the blockade in the Abkhazia region, now in its

Kocharyan, speaking by tele-

phone from the Armenian capital, Yerevan, said parliament would take a second vote confirming the suspension Monday.

He said election of a president for the republic, pitting nationalist standard-bearer Levon Ter-Petrosian against Armenian Communist Party chief Vladimir Movsisyan, would be held soon

Suspension of the decree was the latest act of defiance to Gorbachev's attempts to restore order in the country's restive republics and conclude a new

"union treaty" redefining the relationship between them and central authority.

The three Baltic republics, which have all declared their intention to secede, announced at the weekend that they would not take part in any discussions on concluding the treaty.

Five other republics, led by the Russian Federation under radical President Boris Yeltsin, have declared their sovereignty within the Soviet Union and announced the supremacy of local legislation over Soviet law.

U.S. fails to satisfy Asia on boat people but talks continue

JAKARTA (R) — South East between foreign ministers of the Asian countries, worried they might never be able to get rid of the thousands of Vietnamese boatpeople sailing to their shores, Sunday told the United States it had to do more to help solve the Community (EC). problem.

first asylum countries is getting to the point where it's almost unbearable, politically, economically," Indonesian Foreign Minister Ali Alatas told a news confer-

Association of South East Asian Nations (ASEAN) and its major trade partners, the United States, Canada, Japan, New Zealand, Australia and the European ASEAN considers most of the

into squalid camps around the region as little more than illegal immigrants in search of a better life and wants them forcibly returned to Vietnam.

The United States says the The issue has taken up much of influx of boatpeople is the result first asylum policy and has agreed the three days of talks in Jakarta of oppression in Vietnamese. It to hold more talks.

the boatpeople home, but has proposed a hezy new category of bostpeople who, while not volumteering to return, do not object to

doing so.
"We appreciate this move but we in all candour do not think Alatas said.

But delegates said ASEAN, grouping Brunei, Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines, Singapore and Thailand, has pulled back from its threat to end the

Quake survivors flown to Manila

MANILA (AP) - A man and woman rescued after 11 days in the rubble of a mountain hotel were flown to Manila Sunday as miners resumed searching for sur- vivors of an earthquake that killed more than 1,600 people.

Luisa Mallorca, 20, and Arnel Calabia, 26, were flown early Sunday from Baguio, 210 kilometres to the north, where they were rescued Friday from the wreckage of the Hyatt Hotel.

"I couldn't do anything inside, so I just prayed," Calabia, a security guard, said after arriving at Villamor Air Base. He added that he had drunk rainwater and his own urine to survive in the

Dr. Ramon Raymundo said Miss Mallorca was suffering from abdominal trauma "but otherwise she is fine." Calabia might have to have three fingers of his right hand amputated because of gangrene, Raymundo said.

said he had lost hope of ever seeing his son alive again.

could be recovered alive 11 days after the earthquake," he told reporters in Manila. "I felt unimaginable happiness as a father to

Calabia's father, Dominador,

"We did not expect that he

hear that my son was alive." Doctors said Calabia and Miss Mallorca suffered from dehydration and other injuries but were in surprisingly good condition af-ter their ordeal.

In Bagnio, miners resumed searching Sunday for more bodies in the ruins of about 30 buildings that collapsed during the July 16

More than 20 people are still believed buried beneath the debris. The U.S. embassy said 12 Americans, all of Filipino origin, were believed among the missing

Gunmen, posing as mourners, open fire during New York funeral

LINDEN, New Jersey (AP) -Three gunmen posing as mour-ners at the funeral of a New York City gang member opened fire on about 100 people at a cemetery, wounding seven people, authorities said.

At least seven other people

were trampled in the panic that followed the gunfire Saturday in this community outside New York City, and were treated at hospitals for cuts and bruises. New York police said the shooting may be related to gangland strife between the Vietnamese gang and Chinese gangs in Lower Manhattan.

Police Capt. Raymond Beckman said the funeral was for a Vietnamese man who was member of a gang called Born to Kill. About 100 people were attending the funeral when the gunmen

fired, then fled, Beckman said. "As they walked by the casket with a bouquet of flowers, they dropped them and opened fire on the mourners," he added.

A 20-year-old man who was

among those shot was flown by York police that the shooting helicopter to the trauma unit of University Hospital in Newark. between the Vietnamese gang The others' wounds were not considered life-threatening, hospital officials said.

New York police said the funeral to bury Vinh Vun, 21, began in Chinatown in Lower Manhattan earlier Saturday. Vuu was shot four times in the chest early Wednesday in a drive-by shooting in Chinatown, said Police Sgt. Tina Mohrmann. She said Vuu was a leader of

the Chinatown-based Vietnamese gang.

Beckman said three weapons were used, including an Uzi submachine gun and a shotgun. A Beretta handgun was found on the ground. That gun, which had been fired, may have been used by someone in the crowd, firing back at the shooters, Beckman said at a news conference.

Police were searching for three suspects Saturday night, said Police Lt. Richard Gerbounka. Beckman agreed with New may be related to gangland strife and Chinese gangs in Lower Manhattan.

The gunmen were apparently wearing sunglasses and trench coats, making it difficult for witnesses to say whether they were Chinese, Vietnamese or Caucasian, Beckman said.

The people attending the funeral were brought to the police station for questioning. Beckman said accounts differed on how the gunmen got away.

Police earlier said investigation efforts were hindered because most of the mourners, who were Vietnamese, spoke little or no English but Beckman later said they spoke English and were

cooperating. The man flown to University Hospital was taken to the operating room, said nursing supervisor

Dorothy Crews. Beckman said five people were shot, but hospital officials said seven people were admitted for gunshot wounds.

Hun Sen: Son Sann tried to abandon allies

gnerrilla leader Son Sann has tried to abandon his allies for a separate peace with the Vietnamese-installed government, the government's Premier Hun Sen said Sunday.

The report could not be confirmed, and claims by the Communist Phnom Penh government are usually regarded with suspicion. Calls to the Bangkok office of Son Sann's group, the Khmer People's National Liberation Front (KPNLF), went unanswered Sunday.

The KPNLF is allied in a resistance coalition with the forces of Prince Norodom Sihanouk and of the Khmer Rouge, which ruled brutally from 1975 until Vietnam invaded in late 1978 and installed the current government. The coalition members often have

quarreled in the past. The Cambodian News Agency (SPK) Sunday quoted Hun Sen as saying that Son Sann has "resorted to another trick while pretending to be a mediator of national reconciliation."

igner to contact me and inform me that he wants to disassociate himself from the coalition ... Hun Sen instead urged Son Sann to abide by last month's agreement in Tokyo that would include other members of the

"He has secretly sent a fore-

"If Son Sann really had goodwill, he should cooperate with Prince Sihanouk in carrying out the Tokyo joint communique because this would lead to a ceasefire, mutual confidence and a comprehensive solution," Hun-Sen said

coalition.

Hun Sen rebuffed Son Sann's invitation to hold talks in Paris on formation of a "Supreme National Council" because he said this was already decided in Tokyo.

In Tokyo on June 5, Sihanouk and Hun Sen agreed on formation of the council to comprise six representatives from the Phnom Penh government and six representatives from the coalition.

Hun Sen has named six representatives, and Sihanouk and Son Sann each have named two. But the council remains incomplete because the Khmer Rouge rejected the agreement.

The council was supposed to convene by July 31 to arrange the first ceasefire in the 11 years of

Kreisky dies

VIENNA (R) --- Former Chancel ier Brane Kreisky, who gave neutral Austria a voice in world affairs during his 13-year rule, died Sunday aged 79.

Kreisky, who served as Socialist Party chancelor from 1970 to 1983 and presided over the Socialist International, died after being treated for heart problems in a Vienna hospital, his doctor said. "There was a dramatic worsen-

ing from Friday to Saturday," Dr. Wolfgang Encakel told Au-strian radio. "After that the situation really became acutely cri-

Kreisky's health had been de teriorating for several years. He went into hospital suffering from circulatory problems on July 17. The longest-serving chan of the post-war Austrian Repub

lic, the bearded Kreisky resigned in 1983 when his party failed to win an overall majority.
"We have lost one of the greatest Austrian politicians of this century," current Chancellor and Socialist Party head Franz

Vranitzky said.

"With his international reputation he gave Austria a position in the world which far outstripped the actual size of our country. A non-practising Jew, Kreisky pushed Austria outo the interna-tional stage by campaigning for detente in Europe and for a peace-ful settlement of the Arab-Israeli

Known for his incisive Viennes wit, Kreisky, a doctor of law and former journalist, enjoyed læge popularity among Austrian voters. He won a string of absolute majorities in successive elections after first heading a minority

government in 1970. "His social engagement, his un-bending will for reform and renewal contributed for so many Austrians not just to their mate rial improvement, but gave them great confidence in the state in which they lived," Vranitzky

Kreisky will be remembered as the man who coaxed Austria out of its post-war shell and gave it credibility in international affairs He was credited with having

written President Theodor Koer-

ner's 1951 speech proposing that

Austria, under four-power occupation after World War II, be given independence on condi-tion that it remain permanently Under his leadership, Austria pursued policies that fended off the worst effects of economic re-

cession in the 1970s and the early

1980s, reducing inflation to

among the lowest levels in the Kreisky, flew to Moscow in 1955 as part of a Foreign Ministry team to negotiate Austria's sta treaty ending the post-war occupation and securing its inde-pendence and neutrality.

After a first government post as foreign minister in the early 1960s, Kreisky increasingly turned to international affairs. pursuing "active neutrality" for Austria and promoting Vienna as a venue for the United Nations and world statesmen.

The first Western leader to receive Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat, in 1980, and to grant the PLO

itic status, Kreisky angered formel but later inwached a plan to exchange Israeli and PLO prisoners.

He spent much of his early dust life in Sweden, where he married his wife Vera in 1942. He escaped to Sweden in 1938 after three years in jail when the Social Democratic Party was officially

Together with Sweden's Prime Minister Olof Palme and West Germany's Willy Braudt, Kreisky remained a leading figure in the Socialist International, campaigning for peace and social democracy in Europe.

Fujimori, who took office in his pant and several congressmen have moved to bring charges

and guerrilla war. But while five visiting Latin

Garica, a Social Democrat, was met with a hail of boos and shouts of "thicf" and "go to jail" as the

Election officers said after six hours of polling a third of the roughly one million people eligi-

Mongolians relish voting

in first free elections

Italian court seizes files

Palme.

charges.

on CIA terrorism link

ROME (R) — Italian magistrates seized the files of a television

journalist whose reports claimed

that the U.S. Central Intelligence

Agency (CIA) backed terrorism

in Italy and Sweden, a television

Rome Magistrate Francesco

Monastero sent paramilitary

police into the RAI state net-

work's offices to seize the files,

and they carried away sheets of

Monastero had earlier sum-

moned journalist Ennio Remon-

dino to question him about four

reports he made between June 28

and July 2 on the main news

programme of RAPs Channel

Dick Brenneke, who said he

was a former CIA agent, said in

one of the reports that the agency

had triggered off terrorist out-

rages which rocked Italy in the

1970s through the illegal P-2

The reports also quoted

another purported ex-CIA agent

Communist labour heroes and

nomadic herdsment to democra-

Masonic Lodge.

notes, the spokesman said.

spokesman has said.

ble had voted — a speedy turnout diplomats said. in a nation the size of Western Europe where many herdsmen must ride vast distances on horseback to 1,620 polling stations. Bailot boxes have been taken to hospitals and to elderly people

often pitched high in Mongolia's remote mountain pastures. "The ruling party will win. The opposition may win about 20 per cent." said Communist President Punsalmaagiyn Ochirbat who was

surrounded by foreign journalists

ULAN BATOR (R) - From at the ballot box.

The Communists, unchallenged for the last 69 years, cy activists, Mongolians swarmed to the polis Sunday, reliating a should retain power in the Upper House, the Great People's Hural. first chance to freely choose a But they stand a slim chance of defeat in the lower Small Hural when preliminary results of the nation's first multi-party elections are announced Tuesday, foreign

linked to the 1986 assassination of

Swedish Prime Minister Olof

three days before Palme's mur-

der, former P-2 head Licio Gelli

sent a telegram to an aide of

then-Vice President George Bush

saying, "the Swedish tree will be felled."

The CIA has denied the

Italian President Francesco

Cossiga, in remarks which caused

a political storm, said last week

that heads would roll at RAI if it

turned out that the allegations

branded the P-2 a "state within

the state" which included top

Italian businessmen, politicians

Its exposure toppled the government in 1981 and investigators

have associated it with some of

the biggest scandals in Italy.

A parliamentary inquiry has

were unfounded.

and military men.

The other ex-agent alleged that

They consider the 53-seat lower house more important than the 430-seat upper house because it will be in almost permanent session and can pass laws approved by the president. The upper house is due to meet only four unable to leave their yurts, tents times in five years.

Leaders of three democratic opposition parties said they ex--pected to win no more than 30 per cent of seats in the upper house but may make a bigger impression in the lower one.

Colombia pledges to fight drug cartels despite truce

BOGOTA (R) — The Colombian government pledged Saturday to keep fighting powerful cocaine cartels despite the in indiscriminate killings, the drug-traffickers' surprise announcement of a unilateral truce in a bloody year-long drug

Interior Minister Horacio Serpa, effectively ruling out concessions to the traffickers, told local radio he found Friday's communique announcing the truce repuenant.

The traffickers had mardened 250 policemen and planted bombs which killed innocent women and children, he said. He, therefore, could not share the euphoria he said the truce announcement had caused among some Colombians.

"The state is not going to cross its arms with respect to crime every time a communique of this nature is made known," the radio

onoted Seroa as saying. "We have to avoid the destruction of the state. We cannot permit the drug-traffickers, (right-wing) paramilitaries or guerrillas to go on doing their evil

in Colombia," he said. Despite the truce announcement, violence continued to sweep Medellin, headquarters of Colombia's most powerful cocaine cartel. A police spokesman said four policemen were shot dead in the city Friday afternoon, bringing the total killed

there this year to around 220. Medellin cartel boss Pablo Escobar has offered a \$4,000 bounty for each officer killed.

spokesman said. Meanwhile in Miami, a man who drank from a soft drink

At least 10 civilians were mur

dered in Medellin Friday night

pottie containing dissolved cocaine was in a coma Saturday. Federal officials discovered two other tainted bottles and checked possible links to Colombian drug smugglers.

Drug traffickers frequently smuggle cocaine by dissolving it in liquids, officials said.

Maximo Rene Menendez, 25. suffered convulsions and cardiac arrest after drinking from a bottle of the Colombian soft drink Pony Malta de Bavaria that contained an unknown amount of cocaine, said Jeanne Bush, acting supervisor of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration's (FDA) Miami

"He had a very violent reaction," she said. "He is gravely

Menendez was in critical condition at Ami-Kendall Regional Medical Centre, said hospital spokeswoman Roxana Fernandez. She said it was too early for a prognosis for Meneudez, who was on a respirator.

"Right now it looks better. but" they really don't know what's going to happen," she said. Eight 6 ounce bottles of the drink were taken from Menendez's home in the Miami area, and tests performed at an FDA laboratory in Atlanta found high concentrations of cocaine in two

Peru's new president sworn in

LIMA (R) — Alberto Fujimori, the son of Japanese immigrants, took office Saturday as Peru's 107th president, but his tumultuous inauguration was marred when outgoing President Alan Garcia's farewell speech was interrupted by hoots and bellowed

52nd birthday, came from nowhere to defeat novelist Mario Vargas Llosa in elections earlier this year and pledged in his first official speech to rebuild an economy ravaged by inflation, drugs

American presidents at the handover ceremony looked n stoically, rightist congressmen stopped the 40-vear-old Garcia, from beginning his farewell speech three times by banging their desks and jecting him.

session, described officially as a "solemn ceremony," turned into a shouting match and members of Garcia's centre-left Aprista Party shouted and hurled insults back at the rightists.

Visibly shaken, Garcia read his speech only after most of the rightist congressmen walked out. Garcia has been accused of ruining the country's economy and letting corruption run ram-

against him for graft. Fujimori, who succeeds Garcia for a five-year presidential term at the head of a centrist coalition led by conservatives, said after he was sworn in that he intended to clean up corruption and restore ties with the international financial community broken off by the

outgoing government. "We inherit a disaster. chaotic and exhausted economy gripped by hyperinflation and recession, a society ripped apart by said.

violence, corruption, terrorism and drug trafficking," he said. "The people of Peru elected us to... restore honesty in the public administration," Fujimori said.

He announced the creation of an

anti-corruption committee to in-

vestigate cases of fraud and graft. Fujimori said he would foster. economic development in Peru's abandoned rural areas to combat cocaine production and a decadeold insurgency by Maoist Shining

Path guerrillas. Peru had become the world's largest producer of coca leaves during the Garcia administration, said Fujimori.

While the illegal drug trade had prospered, Peru's economy shrank 3 per cent during the previous government, agricultural production had fallen by almost one fifth and inflation had soared out of control by 2.2 miltion per cent in five years, he



Gorky Street gets new name

MOSCOW (AP) - Gorky

Street, Moscow's main thorough-

fare that in pre-revolutionary days was home to fashionable shops and stores, will be given back its old name of Tverskava Street. The decision to give the street back the name it had since the 15th century follows similar moves throughout the Soviet Union. Cities, streets, ships, farms and factories that were renamed for Bolshevik and other Soviet figures earlier this century are being given back their old names, to the delight of local residents. The newspaper Izvestia reported that the decision to rename Gorky Street was made by the Moscow City Council, which is headed by radical reformers. The city council's headquarters is on the street. Tverskaya Street was renamed Gorky Street in 1932, after Russian Socialist writer Maxim Gorky. The street, which runs westward from the Kremlin, has been an important route for centuries — leading to the ancient town of Tver, which in 1931 was renamed Kalinin, for Mikhail Kalinin, one of Josef Stalin's henchmen. On July 19. Kalinin was given back its old

Springsteen's son will not be named

name of Tver.

ASBURY PARK, New Jersey (AP) — The boss' first baby may be born to run, but he won't have to rock and roll through life with people calling him junior. "All I know is that it won't be named Bruce," said Bruce Springsteen's attorney, Barry Slott, who announced the birth Thursday. Springsteen's girlfriend and backup singer, Patti Scialfa, gave birth to a 7-pound, 9-ounce boy at a California hospital, Slott said, but that's about all he's saying.

U.S. singer's studio, office damaged by

DEERING, New Hampshire (AP) — A fire destroyed folk singer Tom Rush's studio and office and damaged his backwoods farmhouse. Rush was in Wyomand early Saturday, most of them ing on vacation, and no one was in the house when the fire broke out late Thursday. The state fire marshal's office was called to to 80 firefighters about three hours to contain. The buildings are surrounded by 600 acres of farmland. The 16-track recording studio was in a barn behind the house and the office for his production company, Maple Hill Productions Inc., and record label, Night Light Recordings,

Country singer gets a boost from Bush

was in a converted fishing shack.

NASHVILLE, Tennessee (AP) — Country music singer Holly Dunn says her style of music has gotten a big boost from the White House. President George Bush is a fan who has said he listens to country music on the radio and has country tapes in the Oval Office. Earlier this month, he invited Grand Ole Opry stars to perform at the economic summit in Houston. "He's done us a real favour," Dunn said Tuesday in an interview. "He's really into it. Jimmy Carter liked country, too." Dunn's hit records include Daddy's Hands, Are You Ever Gonna Love Me and Only When I Love. In 1987 she won the Country Music Association's Horizon

Ceausescu's chandeliers up for sale

BUCHAREST (R) — Romania is selling off chandeliers originally destined for dictator Nicolae Ceausescu's People's Palace but at \$40,000 for the grandest version, few of the country's impoverished people will be buying. To show the country's free market advance knows no bounds; a stall has been set up in the Bucharest Conference Hall where Ceausescu held his last Communist Party congress eight months ago. They have never been used. They were custommade for the People's Palace, but they never got there," a sales attendant said. The prace tags of 14,000 lei (\$700) for the smallest wall light to more than 750,000 lef (\$40,000) for one of the huge, 1.5-tonne chandeliers are well out of the reach of most Romania whose average pay is 3,000 isi-(\$150) a month. "Our usual buyers are people in the boots. business," the attendant said.